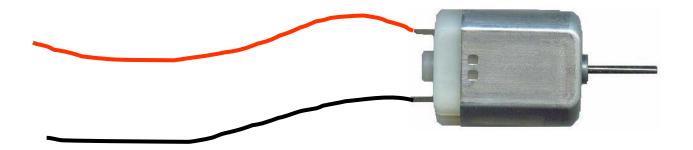
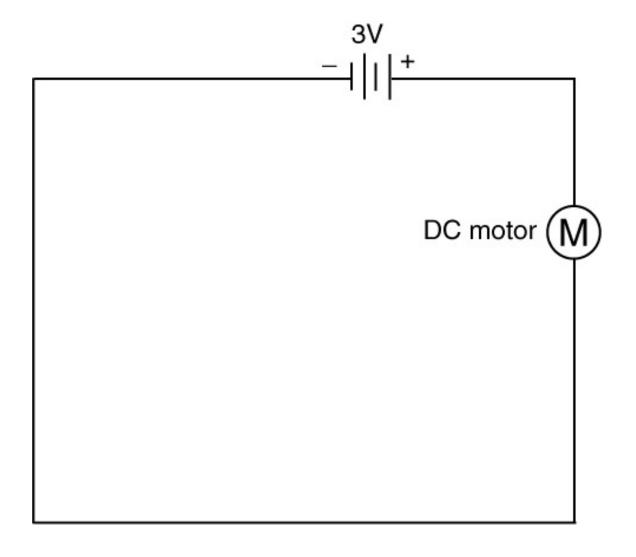


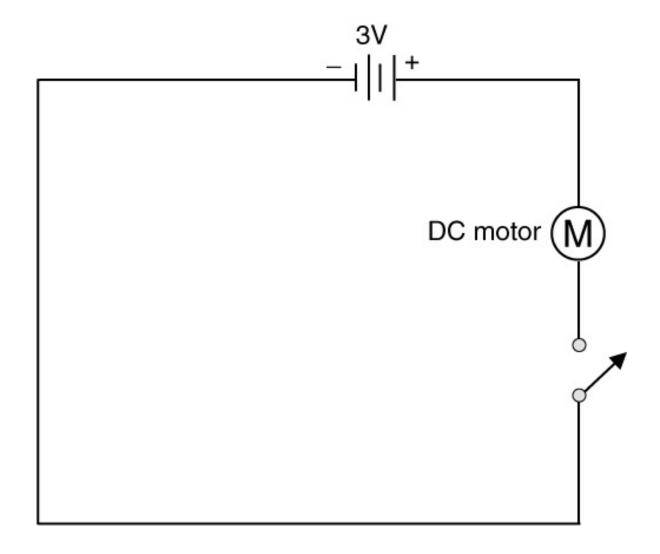
Output 2: DC Motors

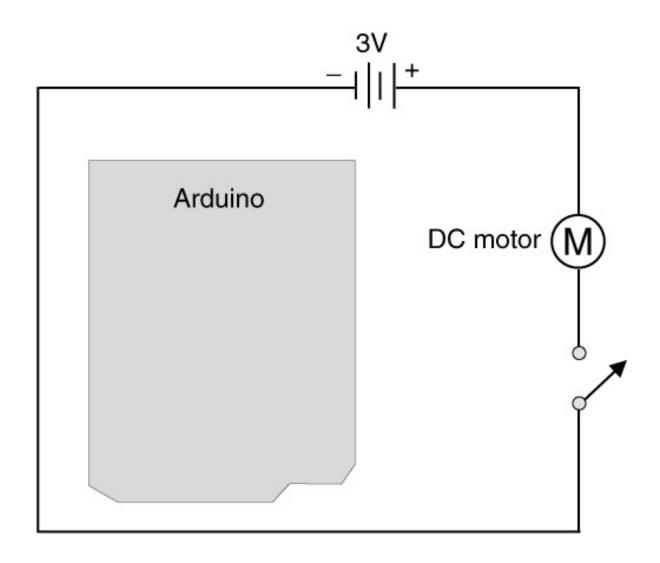
Making motions

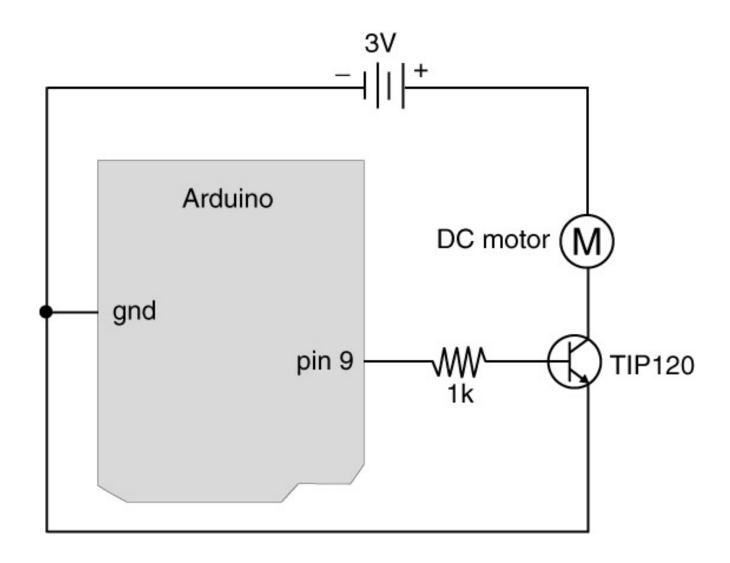
DC Motor

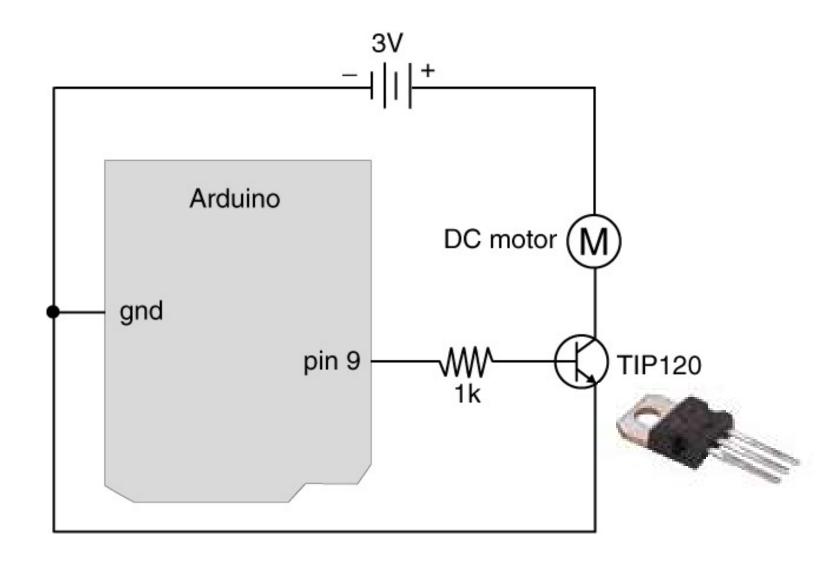




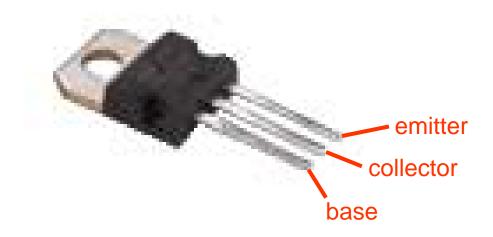


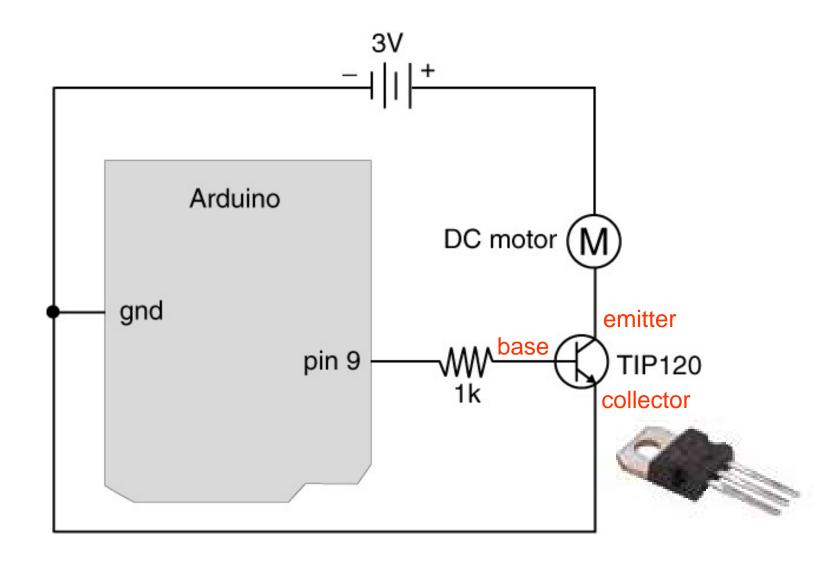


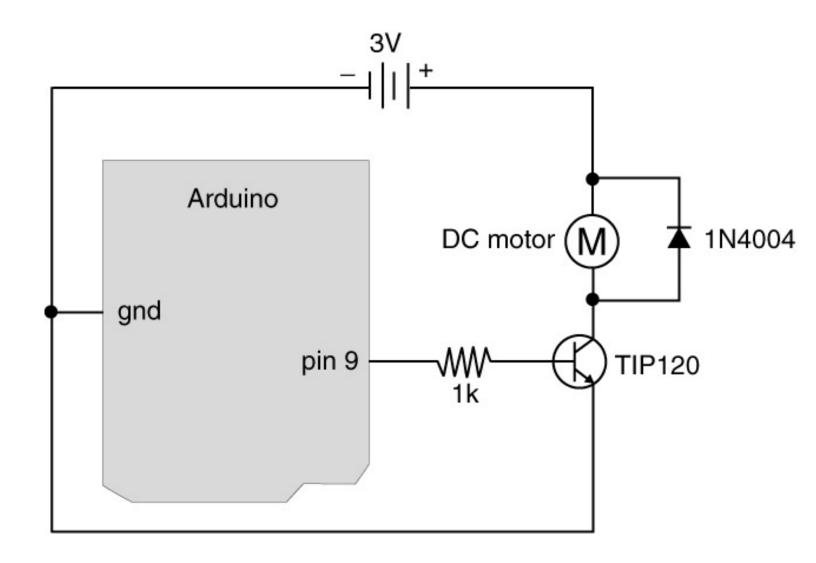


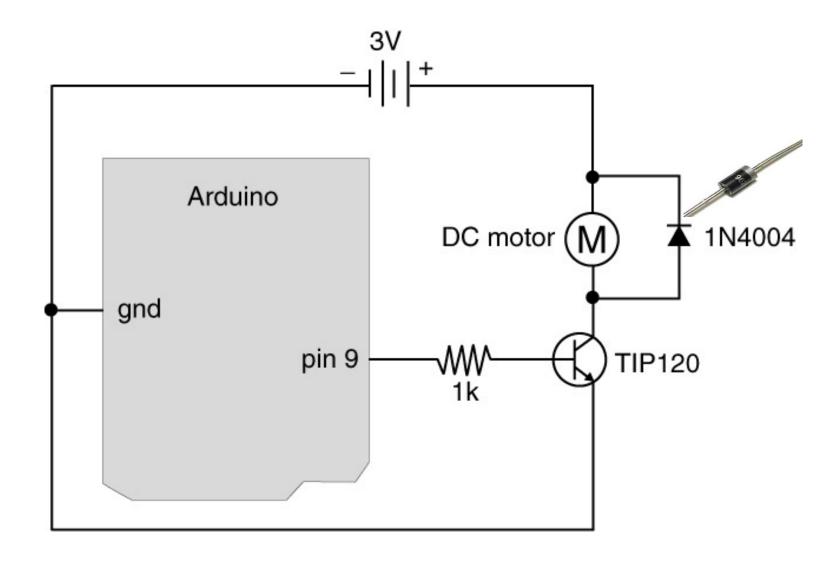


Transistor



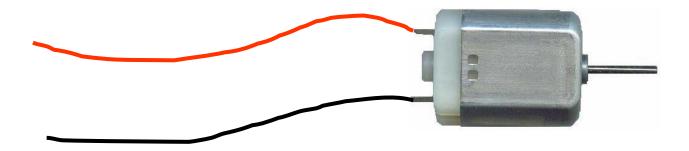




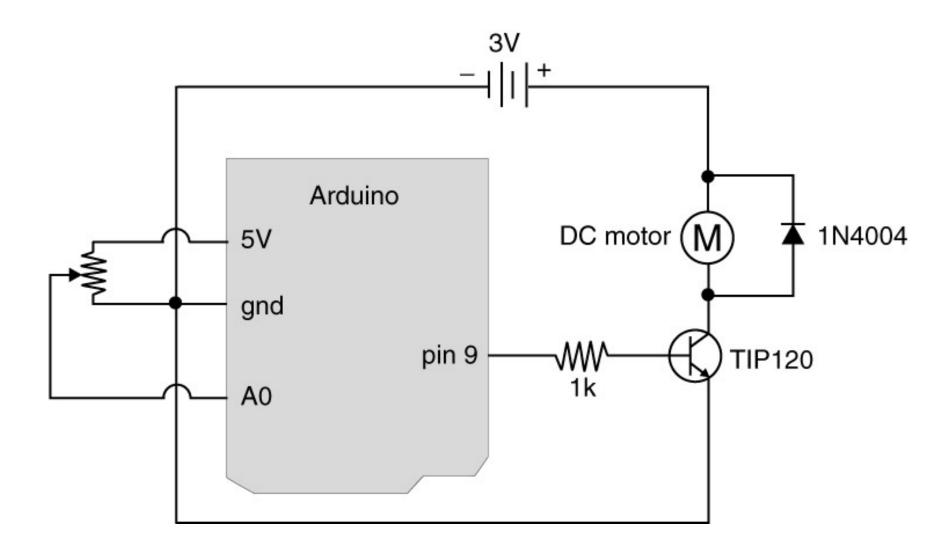


1. Solder wires to the motor
2. Build the DC motor circuit
3. Try your input sensors
4. Explore different propellers
and eccentric weights

DC Motor

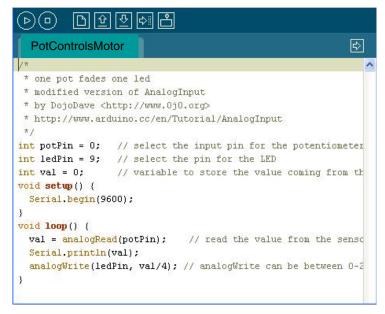


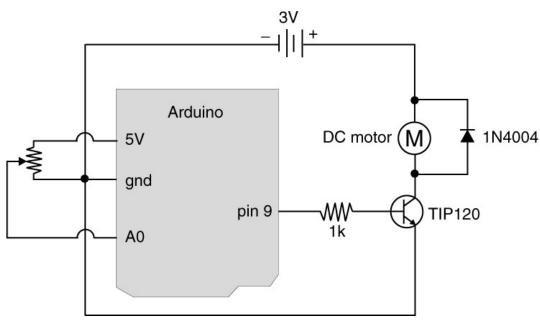
Solder wires to the motor
 Build the DC motor circuit
 Try your input sensors
 Explore different propellers and eccentric weights



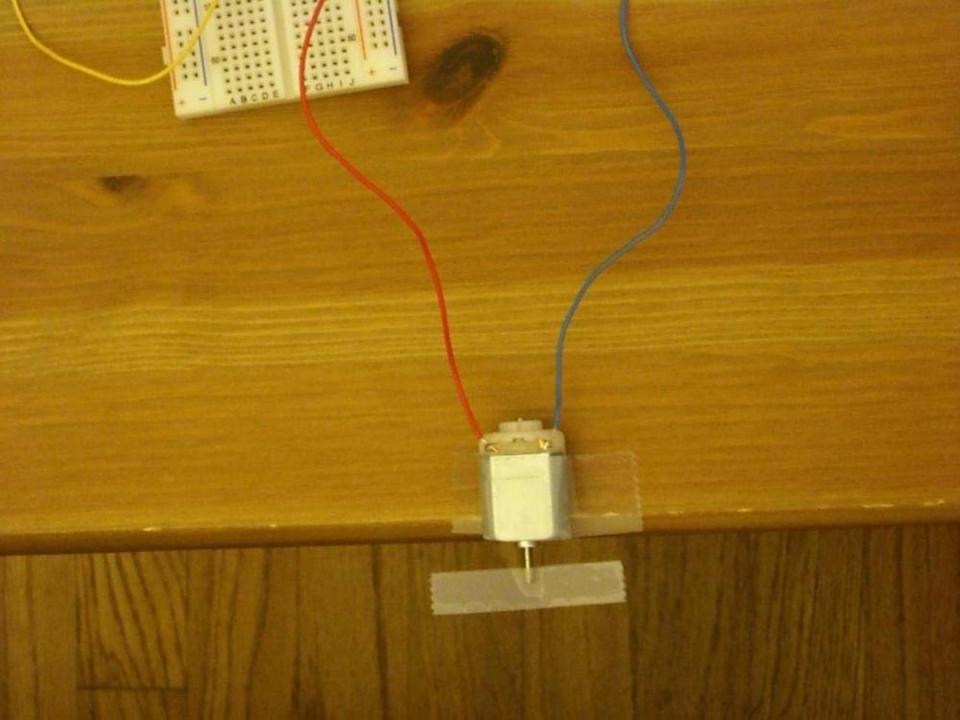
Solder wires to the motor
 Build the DC motor circuit
 Try your input sensors
 Explore different propellers and eccentric weights

PotControlsMotor



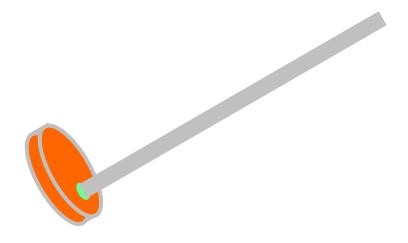


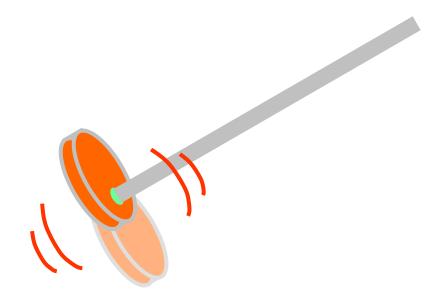
Solder wires to the motor
 Build the DC motor circuit
 Try your input sensors
 Explore different propellers and eccentric weights



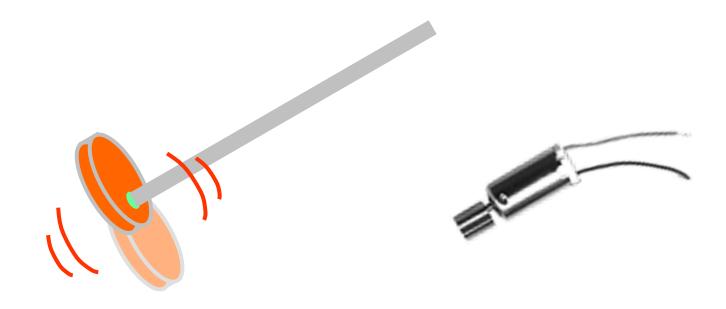
Cork Eccentric Weight

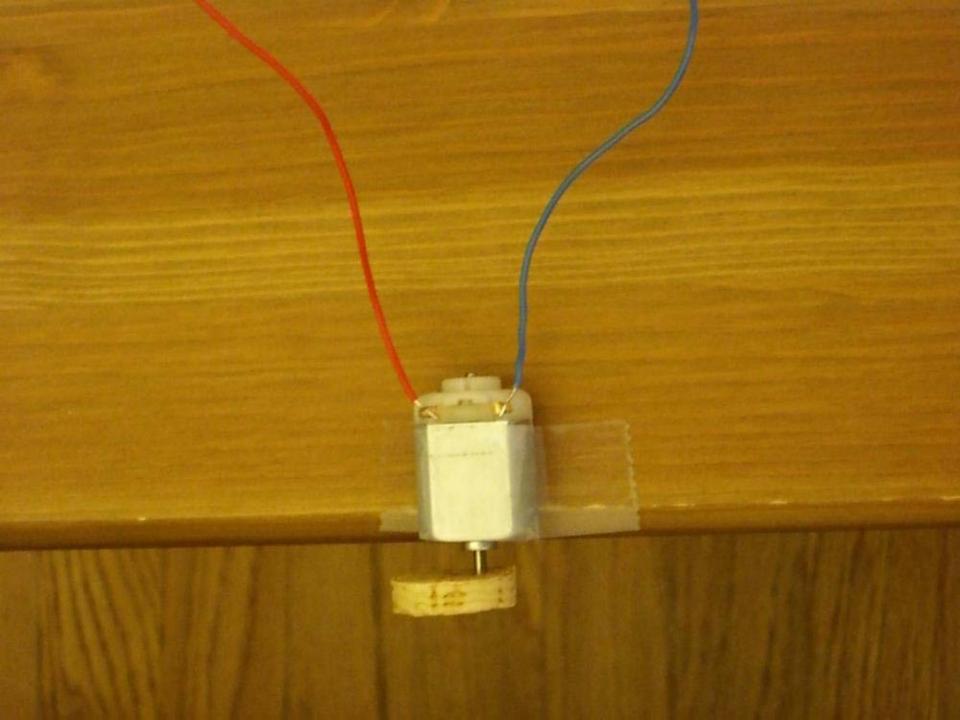






Eccentric Weight





Supplement Reading

Making Movement: Chapter 10 of O'Sullivan and Igoe.

Homework

Explore motion as an output (in a form of display or tactile feedback). Use your DC motor to create vibration or rotational motion (e.g., pinwheels, dancing wires, etc.).

Optional: Combine it with other output (sound, lights, etc.)

Thanks!