Wikis & Journals

290 §10 October 18

housekeeping

final paper proposals

next week

coming up

this week

midterm

open source reference

compare Wikipedia, Wiktionary, or a similar open source reference work to a conventional, equivalent (e.g. The Encyclopaedia Britannica, the Dictionary of National Biography, etc.) Explain your strategy of comparison.

scholarly publishing

reference works

bits of information

dates

names

causes

sequences

selection or collection?

the challenge of critique

ODNB: to build£25 million
22 years

60 volumes, 50,000 entries £13,000

ODNB: to review 2,000 words £500



Gross

"one can dip, one can reconnoitre, one can form a broad judgement"

Barker and Gross

old, new women

the challenge of critique

Goldman: the sociology of knowledge

"He had in addition one more resource unavailable to Stephen or Lee: a large professional scholarly community—mostly, though not altogether, university-based. Whereas the old dictionary was substantially written, often in house [v. Barker, 57], by generalists who frequently wrote very many entries, the new edition was essentially written by specialists, whose work was coordinated and polished by an expert in-house research team."

—ODNB on Matthew

Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 7

constraints & resources

technology

books, inkpots, speaking tubes

nation

death

in/exclusion

who's in, who's out?

"Russell's History of Western Philosophy has been bad-mouthed by the profession on account of its omissions and its gleeful bias, but Russell's manifest presence in the text continued to render it readable. His omission of Wittgenstein was a scandal, but a willful one, not a bureaucratic one". -Frederic Raphael Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 9

top down

editorial control

(back to Foucault & St Jerome)

quality

coherence

stylistic unity

chronological unity



article discussion

modifier

historique

Cap Trafalgar

(Redirigé depuis Trafalgar)



Cet article est une ébauche à compléter concernant la géograp modifiant ादि.

Vistic unity

article

discussion

edit this paidalousie, est un

Trafalgar

Trafalgar can refer to:

au nord-ouest du détroit de

en arabe : taraf al-gharb,

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia.

/ale qui s'y déroula entre

plaise le 21 octobre 1805,

Cape Trafalgar in south west Spain

The Battle of Trafalgar, fought near thquare, une place parmilles

Trafalgar Square in London, commemonne surmontée d'une

Trafalgar class submarines of the Roy

a 1971 album called Trafalgar by The

Trafalgar (town), in Gippsland, Victoria

the Trafalgar Moraine, in Oakville, Ont

Trafalgar Day

coherence

"anglicity"

stylistic unity

dictionary page through 250 years

the wiki page

Inavigation

- Main Page
- Community portal

The Free Encyclopedia

- Current events
- Recent changes
- Random article

"You can't evaluate Wikipedia by traditional encyclopedia standards"

-Wired

quality

do errors matter? ashtrays & airplanes

speed of corrections

errors, endurance, proliferation
newspaper
Chaucer

wiki vs web

Don't believe anything in the next 24-48 hours. Guess what!! I can report on my blog that Condi will be VP when Dick resigns...and because it's on a blog, it must be true! And my scoop will fly through the internets at twice the speed of sound and I'll be so convincing, Condi herself will hear my scoop and think "Shit. I need new shoes!" and next thing you know New York Daily News will be reporting that Condi was in NY shopping for Jimmy Choo shoes that look "Vice-Presidential" and Teresa Heinz passed her by and called her a "bitch." Get my point? Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 13

saboteurs

bots

bbc?



Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 14

a word on wikis

hypercard

Ward Cunningham reader to writer

wiki & encyclopedia

"A wiki works best where you're trying to answer a question that you can't easily pose, where there's not a natural structure that's known in advance to what you need to know.

- where you're comfortable delegating control to the users of the system.
 - ...What you get as a wiki reader is access to people who had no voice before."

 -Ward Cunningham

wikipedia

nupedia [2000 - 2003]

13 months \$250,000 24 articles

open source

bottom up vs top down

the pyramid
IP address
registered users
administrators
bureaucrats
stewards
superelites
Jimmy Wales

"don't break the build"

Daniel Defoe

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia.

Daniel Defoe (1660 – April 24, 1731) was an English writer and journalist, who first gained fame for his novel *Robinson Crusoe*. Defoe is also notable for being arguably the earliest constant practitioner of the novel form.

Contents

- 1 Biography
- 2 Defoe and the Anglo-Scottish Union of 1707
- 3 Quotations
- 4 See also
- 5 Electronic books



Biography

Born **Daniel Foe**, the son of James Foe, a butcher in Stoke Newington, London. He later added the aristocratic sounding "De" to his name as a nom de plume. His gravestone gives his name as DANIEL DEFOE. He became a famous pamphleteer, journalist and novelist at a time of the birth of the novel in the English language, and thus fairly ranks as one of its progenitors.

His parents were Presbyterian dissenters, and he was educated in a Dissenting Academy at Stoke Newington. His early business activities were unsuccessful, and he was bankrupted in 1692. By 1696, however he was the manager of a London tile factory.

Defoe's pamphleteering and political activities resulted in his arrest and placement in a pillory on July 31, 1703, principally on account of a pamphlet entitled "The Shortest Way with Dissenters", in which he ruthlessly satirised the High church Tories, purporting to argue for the extermination of dissenters. The publication of his poem *Hymn to the Pillory*, however, caused his audience at the pillory to throw flowers instead of the customary harmful and noxious objects, and to drink to his health.





serendipitous knowledge

Merton

knowledge at XeroxJulian Orr
Danny Bobrow

Eureka

\$100 million 30,000 'tips' rescue in Brazil recognition in Calgary

Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 20

'knowledge bases'

usefulness

perverse incentives

quality vs quantity

uniqueness vs redundancy

reinventing the journal

THILOSOTHICAL TRANSACTIONS:

GIVING SOME

A C C O M P inventing the journal

OF THE PRESENT Undertakings, Studies, and Labours

OF THE

Journal des scavans, 1665 France

INGENIO

IN MANY

CONSIDERABLE PARTS

OFTHE

Philosophical transactions, 1665 England

Ionale dei litterati di Roma, 1668 Italy

R Miscellanea curiosa medico-physica, 1670 Germany

Vol Acta medica et philosophica hafniensia, 1673 Denmark For Anno 1665, and 1666.

Collectanea medico-physica, I 680 Holland

Acta eruditorum 1682 Germany

transactions & transformations

print and science

"invisible colleges" of correspondence

alchemy to science

private to public

revelation & revolution

scientific paradox

Frohmann

"information the raw material of scientific thought"

Lesk & citation

22% of papers [1984] <u>not</u> cited in 10 years; 48% for social science; 93% for humanities

science studies

Fleck

Genesis and development of a scientific fact (1935/1979)

Knorr-Cetina

The manufacture of knowledge (1981) narrative and omission

Latour & Wolgar

Laboratory life (1986) facts, construction, stability

science & writing

Ziman

Public knowledge (1967)

"a scientific paper does not stand alone; it is embedded in the 'literature' of the subject ..."

"Far from being the sum of independent, individual researches, the continuous compilation of disconnected facts, observations and theories, scientific knowledge is the joint social product of members of these 'Invisible Colleges'."

scientific community

writing and consensuality

"Science is not merely published knowledge or information . . . its goal is a consensus of rational opinion over the widest possible field."

"Academic institutions are governed largely by unrecorded principles, handed on from father to son, from master to pupil."

"We ignore the social nature of science at our peril."

serials crisis

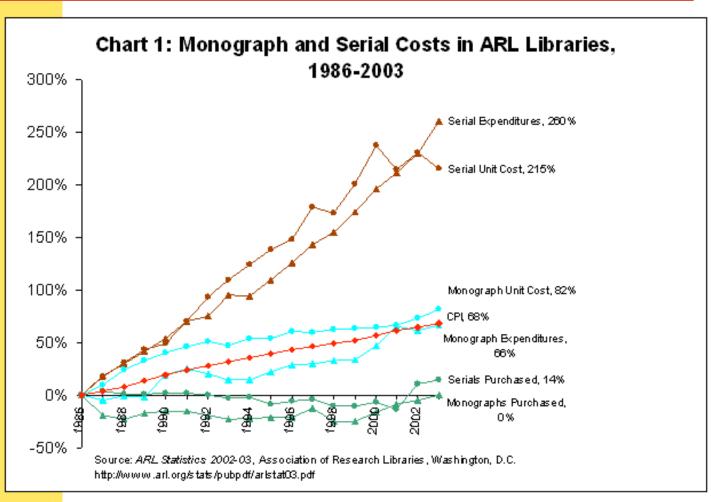


Chart 3: Journal Costs by Discipline												
	Average No. of Tifles 2000–200	Average Cost Per Tifle	Average Cost Per Title	% of Change	Average Cost Per Tifle	% of Change	Average Cost Per Title	% of Change	Average Cost Per Tifle	% of Change	% of Change	
Subject	4	2 000	2001	'00-'01	2002	'01-'0	2003	102-103	2004	'03-'04	2000-2004	
Agriulture	156	\$519	\$546	5	\$583	7	\$638	9	\$714	12	38	
Anthropology	42	\$244	\$237	-3	\$259	9	\$291	12	\$319	10	31	
Art & Architecture	62	\$108	\$113	5	\$116	3	\$125	8	\$136	8	26	
Astronom y	10	\$1,153	\$1,213	5	\$1,396	15	\$1,451	4	\$1,602	10	39	
Biology	222	\$998	\$1,062	6	\$1,137	7	\$1,253	10	\$1,377	10	38	
Botany	62	\$785	\$826	5	\$875	6	\$947	8	\$1,048	11	34	
Business & Economics	295	\$412	\$457	11	\$501	10	\$555	11	\$614	11	49	
Chemistry	183	\$1,995	\$2,137	7	\$2,317	8	\$2,501	8	\$2,695	8	35	
Effucation	102	\$248	\$275	10	\$301	10	\$330	10	\$371	12	49	
Engineering	234	\$1,076	\$1,170	9	\$1,274	9	\$1,377	8	\$1,491	8	39	
Food Science	17	\$787	\$855	9	\$898	5	\$969	8	\$1,080	12	37	
General Science	63	\$678	\$732	8	\$803	10	\$887	10	\$962	9	42	
General Works	68	\$82	\$84	2	\$88	5	\$99	12	\$116	18	41	
Geography	57	\$592	\$633	7	\$711	12	\$774	9	\$859	11	45	
Gober	79	\$789	\$846	7	\$906	7	\$982	8	\$1,071	9	36	
Health Sciences	1,342	\$702	\$758	8	\$812	7	\$889	9	\$975	10	39	
History	214	\$116	\$124	7	\$131	6	\$148	12	\$166	13	44	
Langage & Literature	295	\$107	\$115	7	\$124	8	\$138	11	\$153	12	43	
Law	67	\$157	\$169	7	\$187	11	\$203	9	\$222	9	41	
Library & Info. Sci.	54	\$254	\$271	7	\$290	7	\$319	10	\$354	11	39	
Math & Computer Sci	182	\$881	\$946	7	\$1,010	7	\$1,080	7	\$1,171	8	33	
Military & Naval Sci	9	\$289	\$315	9	\$310	-2	\$337	9	\$365	8	26	
Music	41	\$80	\$83	3	\$92	11	\$100	9	\$106	б	33	
Philosophy & Religion	125	\$143	\$150	5	\$164	9	\$182	11	\$200	10	39	
Physics -	202	\$1,865	\$1,996	7	\$2,180	9	\$2,351	8	\$2,543	8	36	
Political Science	58	\$226	\$257	13	\$279	9	\$312	12	\$360	15	59	
Psychology	145	\$306	\$336	10	\$368	10	\$399	8	\$446	12	46	
Recreation	18	\$113	\$126	12	\$144	14	\$154	7	\$167	9	48	
Socio logy	286	\$274	\$306	12	\$336	10	\$371	10	\$422	14	54	
Technology	187	\$958	\$1,044	9	\$1,140	9	\$1,241	9	\$1,350	9	41	
Zoology	100	\$701	\$743	6	\$803	8	\$870	8	\$918	б	31	

Source: Lee Van Orsdel and Kathleen Born. "Periodicals Price Survey 2004: Closing in on Open Access." Library Journal (April 15, 2004): pp. 45-50.

http://wwww.libraryjournal.com/index.asp?layout=articleArchive&articleid=CA408358

for instance

rapacious publishers

(published by Elsevier)
averaged 300 pages in the
1990s; today they are
averaging 200 pages. Price in
1993 was \$7,700; this year we
paid \$14,000. (source:
R.Wilson, UC Berkeley
Library)

for instance

UC has recently been informed that the American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS), publishers of Science, asked UC to pay \$93,000 for access in 2004. This compares to a 2002 price of \$34,590.

crisis response

strike

take over PLOS and pay

The traditional business model for scientific publishing, in which individual readers or institutions pay publishers for access to research articles, is a vestige of an era when printing articles in paper journals and transporting them in trucks and boats was the most efficient way to disseminate new scientific discoveries and ideas.

Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 32

G^2

preprints

Ginsparg server

Los Alamos to Cornell

estimating costs

reputation is elsewhere?

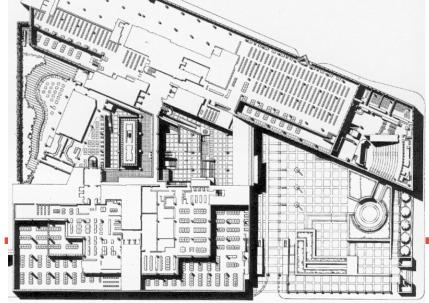
sifting

humanities & the monograph science & the preprint

library to warehouse

"Mike Lesk has pointed out that the costs of just the buildings of the new British Library in London and the new French National Library in Paris are two or three times higher than the costs of converting their book collections to a digital format. In a more rational world, the money going into bricks and mortar would have gone into scanning the books, which would have provided much more rapid and convenient access to the data for scholars. The physical volumes themselves could be housed in cheap warehouses early estimates of costs" -Andrew Odlyzko

Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 35



epistemic cultures

"Kuhn has remarked on the contrast between the science student, who reads only textbooks by second-rate scholars, and the students of the humanities, whose curriculum is filled with original texts by the best authors. The original papers of Maxwell, Einstein, Darwin, and Mendel are no more than historical evidence for their brilliance in their day ... they may be superseded without loss by the superior accounts that a century of teaching now provides." -Ziman

Qofl --Wikis & Journals - 36

scientific sifting

[notion of mass storage/retieval]
"betray an absence of careful thought about the part that the conventional systems of scientific communication play in sifting and sorting the material they handle"

—Ziman

institutional interests

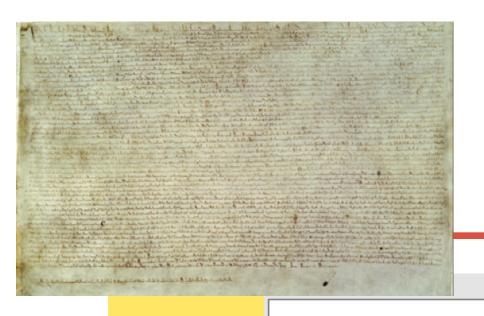
the journal and the university

journal as university

Informa

university as journal

institutional & disciplinary repositories



preservation

Library (Copy under Revision)

Hardwicke Library

702

e 8

Mβ

[Magna Carta and Laws and Statutes of England]

14th C

Large decorated initials in blue and red, rubrication

144 vellum leaves, ms on verso and recto. Full early blind-stamped calf. Rebacked

C91.