109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 29

To protect users of the Internet from unknowing transmission of their personally identifiable information through spyware programs, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JANUARY 4, 2005

Mrs. BONO (for herself, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. BARTON of Texas, Mr. BUYER, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. HALL, Mr. RADANOVICH, Mr. WALDEN of Oregon, Mr. FERGUSON, Mr. WHITFIELD, Mrs. CUBIN, Mr. STEARNS, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. TERRY, and Mr. OTTER) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

- To protect users of the Internet from unknowing transmission of their personally identifiable information through spyware programs, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Securely Protect Your-
- 5 self Against Cyber Trespass Act" or the "SPY ACT".

1SEC. 2. PROHIBITION OF DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES2RELATING TO SPYWARE.

3 (a) PROHIBITION.—It is unlawful for any person, 4 who is not the owner or authorized user of a protected 5 computer, to engage in deceptive acts or practices that in-6 volve any of the following conduct with respect to the pro-7 tected computer:

8 (1) Taking control of the computer by— 9 (A) utilizing such computer to send unso-10 licited information or material from the pro-11 tected computer to others; 12 (B) diverting the Internet browser of the 13 computer, or similar program of the computer 14 used to access and navigate the Internet— 15 (i) without authorization of the owner 16 or authorized user of the computer; and 17 (ii) away from the site the user in-18 tended to view, to one or more other Web 19 pages, such that the user is prevented from 20 viewing the content at the intended Web 21 page, unless such diverting is otherwise au-22 thorized; 23 (C) accessing or using the modem, or 24 Internet connection or service, for the computer

25 and thereby causing damage to the computer or

1	causing the owner or authorized user to incur
2	unauthorized financial charges;
3	(D) using the computer as part of an ac-
4	tivity performed by a group of computers that
5	causes damage to another computer; or
6	(E) delivering advertisements that a user
7	of the computer cannot close without turning
8	off the computer or closing all sessions of the
9	Internet browser for the computer.
10	(2) Modifying settings related to use of the
11	computer or to the computer's access to or use of
12	the Internet by altering—
13	(A) the Web page that appears when the
14	owner or authorized user launches an Internet
15	browser or similar program used to access and
16	navigate the Internet;
17	(B) the default provider used to access or
18	search the Internet, or other existing Internet
19	connections settings;
20	(C) a list of bookmarks used by the com-
21	puter to access Web pages; or
22	(D) security or other settings of the com-
23	puter that protect information about the owner
24	or authorized user for the purposes of causing

damage or harm to the computer or owner or user.(3) Collecting personally identifiable information through the use of a keystroke logging function.

5 (4) Inducing the owner or authorized user to 6 install a computer software component onto the 7 computer, or preventing reasonable efforts to block 8 the installation or execution of, or to disable, a com-9 puter software component by—

10 (A) presenting the owner or authorized 11 user with an option to decline installation of a 12 software component such that, when the option 13 is selected by the owner or authorized user, the 14 installation nevertheless proceeds; or

(B) causing a computer software component that the owner or authorized user has
properly removed or disabled to automatically
reinstall or reactivate on the computer.

(5) Misrepresenting that installing a separate
software component or providing log-in and password information is necessary for security or privacy
reasons, or that installing a separate software component is necessary to open, view, or play a particular type of content.

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1	(6) Inducing the owner or authorized user to
2	install or execute computer software by misrepre-
3	senting the identity or authority of the person or en-
4	tity providing the computer software to the owner or
5	user.
6	(7) Inducing the owner or authorized user to
7	provide personally identifiable, password, or account
8	information to another person—
9	(A) by misrepresenting the identity of the
10	person seeking the information; or
11	(B) without the authority of the intended
12	recipient of the information.
13	(8) Removing, disabling, or rendering inoper-
14	ative a security, anti-spyware, or anti-virus tech-
15	nology installed on the computer.
16	(9) Installing or executing on the computer one
17	or more additional computer software components
18	with the intent of causing a person to use such com-
19	ponents in a way that violates any other provision of
20	this section.
21	(b) GUIDANCE.—The Commission shall issue guid-
22	ance regarding compliance with and violations of this sec-
23	tion. This subsection shall take effect upon the date of
24	the enactment of this Act.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided in sub section (b), this section shall take effect upon the expira tion of the 6-month period that begins on the date of the
 enactment of this Act.

5 SEC. 3. PROHIBITION OF COLLECTION OF CERTAIN INFOR6 MATION WITHOUT NOTICE AND CONSENT.

7 (a) OPT-IN REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in
8 subsection (e), it is unlawful for any person—

9 (1) to transmit to a protected computer, which 10 is not owned by such person and for which such per-11 son is not an authorized user, any information col-12 lection program, unless—

(A) such information collection program
provides notice in accordance with subsection
(c) before execution of any of the information
collection functions of the program; and

17 (B) such information collection program
18 includes the functions required under sub19 section (d); or

20 (2) to execute any information collection pro21 gram installed on such a protected computer un22 less—

23 (A) before execution of any of the informa24 tion collection functions of the program, the
25 owner or an authorized user of the protected

1	computer has consented to such execution pur-
2	suant to notice in accordance with subsection
3	(c); and
4	(B) such information collection program
5	includes the functions required under sub-
6	section (d).
7	(b) INFORMATION COLLECTION PROGRAM.—For pur-
8	poses of this section, the term "information collection pro-
9	gram" means computer software that—
10	(1)(A) collects personally identifiable informa-
11	tion; and
12	(B)(i) sends such information to a person other
13	than the owner or authorized user of the computer,
14	or
15	(ii) uses such information to deliver advertising
16	to, or display advertising, on the computer; or
17	(2)(A) collects information regarding the Web
18	pages accessed using the computer; and
19	(B) uses such information to deliver advertising
20	to, or display advertising on, the computer.
21	(c) NOTICE AND CONSENT.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notice in accordance with
23	this subsection with respect to an information collec-
24	tion program is clear and conspicuous notice in plain

1	language, set forth as the Commission shall provide,
2	that meets all of the following requirements:
3	(A) The notice clearly distinguishes such
4	notice from any other information visually pre-
5	sented contemporaneously on the protected
6	computer.
7	(B) The notice contains one of the fol-
8	lowing statements, as applicable, or a substan-
9	tially similar statement:
10	(i) With respect to an information col-
11	lection program described in subsection
12	(b)(1): "This program will collect and
13	transmit information about you. Do you
14	accept?".
15	(ii) With respect to an information
16	collection program described in subsection
17	(b)(2): "This program will collect informa-
18	tion about Web pages you access and will
19	use that information to display advertising
20	on your computer. Do you accept?".
21	(iii) With respect to an information
22	collection program that performs the ac-
23	tions described in both paragraphs (1) and
24	(2) of subsection (b): "This program will
25	collect and transmit information about you

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and your computer use and will collect in-1 2 formation about Web pages you access and 3 use that information to display advertising 4 on your computer. Do you accept?". 5 (C) The notice provides for the user— 6 (i) to grant or deny consent referred 7 to in subsection (a) by selecting an option 8 to grant or deny such consent; and 9 (ii) to abandon or cancel the trans-10 mission or execution referred to in sub-11 section (a) without granting or denying 12 such consent. 13 (D) The notice provides an option for the 14 user to select to display on the computer, before 15 granting or denying consent using the option 16 required under subparagraph (C), a clear de-17 scription of— 18 (i) the types of information to be col-19 lected and sent (if any) by the information 20 collection program; 21 (ii) the purpose for which such infor-22 mation is to be collected and sent; and 23 (iii) in the case of an information col-24 lection program that first executes any of 25 the information collection functions of the

1	program together with the first execution
2	of other computer software, the identity of
3	any such software that is an information
4	collection program.
5	(E) The notice provides for concurrent dis-
6	play of the information required under subpara-
7	graphs (B) and (C) and the option required
8	under subparagraph (D) until the user—
9	(i) grants or denies consent using the
10	option required under subparagraph (C)(i);
11	(ii) abandons or cancels the trans-
12	mission or execution pursuant to subpara-
13	graph (C)(ii); or
14	(ii) selects the option required under
15	subparagraph (D).
16	(2) SINGLE NOTICE.—The Commission shall
17	provide that, in the case in which multiple informa-
18	tion collection programs are provided to the pro-
19	tected computer together, or as part of a suite of
20	functionally-related software, the notice require-
21	ments of paragraphs $(1)(A)$ and $(2)(A)$ of subsection
22	(a) may be met by providing, before execution of any
23	of the information collection functions of the pro-
24	grams, clear and conspicuous notice in plain lan-
25	guage in accordance with paragraph (1) of this sub-

1	section by means of a single notice that applies to
2	all such information collection programs, except that
3	such notice shall provide the option under subpara-
4	graph (D) of paragraph (1) of this subsection with
5	respect to each such information collection program.
6	(3) Change in information collection.—If
7	an owner or authorized user has granted consent to
8	execution of an information collection program pur-
9	suant to a notice in accordance with this subsection:
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—No subsequent such
11	notice is required, except as provided in sub-
12	paragraph (B).
13	(B) SUBSEQUENT NOTICE.—The person
14	who transmitted the program shall provide an-
15	other notice in accordance with this subsection
16	and obtain consent before such program may be
17	used to collect or send information of a type or
18	for a purpose that is materially different from,
19	and outside the scope of, the type or purpose
20	set forth in the initial or any previous notice.
21	(4) REGULATIONS.—The Commission shall
22	issue regulations to carry out this subsection.
23	(d) Required Functions.—The functions required
24	under this subsection to be included in an information col-
25	lection program that executes any information collection

functions with respect to a protected computer are as fol lows:

3	(1) DISABLING FUNCTION.—With respect to
4	any information collection program, a function of
5	the program that allows a user of the program to re-
6	move the program or disable operation of the pro-
7	gram with respect to such protected computer by a
8	function that—
9	(A) is easily identifiable to a user of the
10	computer; and
11	(B) can be performed without undue effort
12	or knowledge by the user of the protected com-
13	puter.
14	(2) IDENTITY FUNCTION.—With respect only to
15	an information collection program that uses informa-
16	tion collected in the manner described in paragraph
17	(1)(B)(ii) or $(2)(B)$ of subsection (b), a function of
18	the program that provides that each display of an
19	advertisement directed or displayed using such infor-
20	mation when the owner or authorized user is access-
21	ing a Web page or online location other than of the
22	provider of the software is accompanied by the name
23	of the information collection program, a logogram or
24	trademark used for the exclusive purpose of identi-

fying the program, or a statement or other informa tion sufficient to clearly identify the program.

3 (3) RULEMAKING.—The Commission may issue
4 regulations to carry out this subsection.

5 (e) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.—A telecommuni-6 cations carrier, a provider of information service or inter-7 active computer service, a cable operator, or a provider 8 of transmission capability shall not be liable under this 9 section to the extent that the carrier, operator, or pro-10 vider—

(1) transmits, routes, hosts, stores, or provides
connections for an information collection program
through a system or network controlled or operated
by or for the carrier, operator, or provider; or

(2) provides an information location tool, such
as a directory, index, reference, pointer, or hypertext
link, through which the owner or user of a protected
computer locates an information collection program.

19 SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT.

(a) UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACT OR PRACTICE.—
This Act shall be enforced by the Commission under the
Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.).
A violation of any provision of this Act or of a regulation
issued under this Act committed with actual knowledge
or knowledge fairly implied on the basis of objective cir-

cumstances that such act is unfair or deceptive or violates
 this Act shall be treated as an unfair or deceptive act or
 practice violating a rule promulgated under section 18 of
 the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a).

5 (b) PENALTY FOR PATTERN OR PRACTICE VIOLA-6 TIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection 7 8 (a) and the Federal Trade Commission Act, in the 9 case of a person who engages in a pattern or practice that violates section 2 or 3, the Commission 10 11 may, in its discretion, seek a civil penalty for such 12 pattern or practice of violations in an amount, as de-13 termined by the Commission, of not more than— 14 (A) \$3,000,000 for each violation of sec-15 tion 2; and 16 (B) \$1,000,000 for each violation of sec-17 tion 3. 18 (2) TREATMENT OF SINGLE ACTION OR CON-19 DUCT.—In applying paragraph (1)— 20 (A) any single action or conduct that vio-21 lates section 2 or 3 with respect to multiple 22 protected computers shall be treated as a single 23 violation; and 24 (B) any single action or conduct that vio-25 lates more than one paragraph of section 2(a)

shall be considered multiple violations, based on
 the number of such paragraphs violated.
 (c) EXCLUSIVENESS OF REMEDIES.—The remedies
 in this section (including remedies available to the Com mission under the Federal Trade Commission Act) are the
 exclusive remedies for violations of this Act.

7 (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect
8 on the date of the enactment of this Act, but only to the
9 extent that this section applies to violations of section
10 2(a).

11 SEC. 5. LIMITATIONS.

12 (a) LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY.—Sections 213 and 3 of this Act shall not apply to—

14 (1) any act taken by a law enforcement agent15 in the performance of official duties; or

16 (2) the transmission or execution of an infor-17 mation collection program in compliance with a law 18 enforcement, investigatory, national security, or reg-19 ulatory agency or department of the United States 20 or any State in response to a request or demand 21 made under authority granted to that agency or de-22 partment, including a warrant issued under the Fed-23 eral Rules of Criminal Procedure, an equivalent 24 State warrant, a court order, or other lawful proc-25 ess.

(b) EXCEPTION RELATING TO SECURITY.—Nothing
 in this Act shall apply to—

3 (1) any monitoring of, or interaction with, a 4 subscriber's Internet or other network connection or 5 service, or a protected computer, by a telecommuni-6 cations carrier, cable operator, computer hardware 7 or software provider, or provider of information serv-8 ice or interactive computer service, to the extent that 9 such monitoring or interaction is for network or 10 computer security purposes, diagnostics, technical 11 support, or repair, or for the detection or prevention 12 of fraudulent activities; or

(2) a discrete interaction with a protected computer by a provider of computer software solely to
determine whether the user of the computer is authorized to use such software, that occurs upon—

17 (A) initialization of the software; or

18 (B) an affirmative request by the owner or
19 authorized user for an update of, addition to, or
20 technical service for, the software.

(c) GOOD SAMARITAN PROTECTION.—No provider of
computer software or of interactive computer service may
be held liable under this Act on account of any action voluntarily taken, or service provided, in good faith to remove
or disable a program used to violate section 2 or 3 that

is installed on a computer of a customer of such provider,
 if such provider notifies the customer and obtains the con sent of the customer before undertaking such action or
 providing such service.

5 (d) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.—A manufacturer or 6 retailer of computer equipment shall not be liable under 7 this Act to the extent that the manufacturer or retailer 8 is providing third party branded software that is installed 9 on the equipment the manufacturer or retailer is manufac-10 turing or selling.

11 SEC. 6. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.

12 (a) PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.—

(1) PREEMPTION OF SPYWARE LAWS.—This
Act supersedes any provision of a statute, regulation, or rule of a State or political subdivision of a
State that expressly regulates—

17 (A) deceptive conduct with respect to com18 puters similar to that described in section 2(a);

19(B) the transmission or execution of a20computer program similar to that described in21section 3; or

(C) the use of computer software that displays advertising content based on the Web
pages accessed using a computer.

25 (2) Additional preemption.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—No person other than
2	the Attorney General of a State may bring a
3	civil action under the law of any State if such
4	action is premised in whole or in part upon the
5	defendant violating any provision of this Act.
6	(B) PROTECTION OF CONSUMER PROTEC-
7	TION LAWS.—This paragraph shall not be con-
8	strued to limit the enforcement of any State
9	consumer protection law by an Attorney Gen-
10	eral of a State.
11	(3) PROTECTION OF CERTAIN STATE LAWS.—
12	This Act shall not be construed to preempt the ap-
13	plicability of—
14	(A) State trespass, contract, or tort law; or
15	(B) other State laws to the extent that
16	those laws relate to acts of fraud.
17	(b) PRESERVATION OF FTC AUTHORITY.—Nothing
18	in this Act may be construed in any way to limit or affect
19	the Commission's authority under any other provision of
20	law, including the authority to issue advisory opinions
21	(under Part 1 of Volume 16 of the Code of Federal Regu-
22	lations), policy statements, or guidance regarding this Act.
23	SEC. 7. ANNUAL FTC REPORT.
24	For the 12-month period that begins upon the effec-

tive date under section 11(a) and for each 12-month pe-

riod thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report to
 the Congress that—

3 (1) specifies the number and types of actions
4 taken during such period to enforce sections 2(a)
5 and 3, the disposition of each such action, any pen6 alties levied in connection with such actions, and any
7 penalties collected in connection with such actions;
8 and

9 (2) describes the administrative structure and 10 personnel and other resources committed by the 11 Commission for enforcement of this Act during such 12 period.

13 Each report under this subsection for a 12-month period14 shall be submitted not later than 90 days after the expira-15 tion of such period.

16 SEC. 8. FTC REPORT ON COOKIES.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the expiration of the 6-month period that begins on the date of the enact-18 ment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a report 19 20 to the Congress regarding the use of tracking cookies in 21 the delivery or display of advertising to the owners and 22 users of computers. The report shall examine and describe 23 the methods by which such tracking cookies and the 24 websites that place them on computers function separately 25 and together, and the extent to which they are covered

or affected by this Act. The report may include such rec ommendations as the Commission considers necessary and
 appropriate, including treatment of tracking cookies under
 this Act or other laws.

5 (b) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term "tracking cookie" means a cookie or similar text or 6 7 data file used alone or in conjunction with one or more 8 websites to transmit or convey personally identifiable in-9 formation of a computer owner or user, or information re-10 garding Web pages accessed by the owner or user, to a 11 party other than the intended recipient, for the purpose 12 of—

13 (1) delivering or displaying advertising to the14 owner or user; or

(2) assisting the intended recipient to deliver ordisplay advertising to the owner, user, or others.

17 (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect18 on the date of the enactment of this Act.

19 SEC. 9. REGULATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall issue the
regulations required by this Act not later than the expiration of the 6-month period beginning on the date of the
enactment of this Act. Any regulations issued pursuant
to this Act shall be issued in accordance with section 553
of title 5, United States Code.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect
 on the date of the enactment of this Act.

3 SEC. 10. DEFINITIONS.

4 For purposes of this Act:

5 (1) CABLE OPERATOR.—The term "cable operator" has the meaning given such term in section
602 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
8 522).

9 (2) COLLECT.—The term "collect", when used 10 with respect to information and for purposes only of 11 section 3, does not include obtaining of the informa-12 tion by a party who is intended by the owner or au-13 thorized user of a protected computer to receive the 14 information pursuant to the owner or authorized 15 user—

16 (A) transferring the information to such
17 intended recipient using the protected com18 puter; or

19 (B) storing the information on the pro20 tected computer in a manner so that it is acces21 sible by such intended recipient.

(3) COMPUTER; PROTECTED COMPUTER.—The
terms "computer" and "protected computer" have
the meanings given such terms in section 1030(e) of
title 18, United States Code.

1	(4) Computer software.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
3	subparagraph (B), the term "computer soft-
4	ware" means a set of statements or instructions
5	that can be installed and executed on a com-
6	puter for the purpose of bringing about a cer-
7	tain result.
8	(B) EXCEPTION FOR COOKIES.—Such term
9	does not include—
10	(i) a cookie or other text or data file
11	that is placed on the computer system of
12	a user by an Internet service provider,
13	interactive computer service, or Internet
14	website to return information to such pro-
15	vider, service, or website; or
16	(ii) computer software that is placed
17	on the computer system of a user by an
18	Internet service provider, interactive com-
19	puter service, or Internet website solely to
20	enable the user subsequently to use such
21	provider or service or to access such
22	website.
23	(5) COMMISSION.—The term "Commission"
24	means the Federal Trade Commission.

(6) DAMAGE.—The term "damage" has the
 meaning given such term in section 1030(e) of title
 18, United States Code.

4 (7) DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES.—The
5 term "deceptive acts or practices" has the meaning
6 applicable to such term for purposes of section 5 of
7 the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45).

(8) DISABLE.—The term "disable" means, with 8 9 respect to an information collection program, to per-10 manently prevent such program from executing any 11 of the functions described in section 3(b) that such 12 program is otherwise capable of executing (including 13 by removing, deleting, or disabling the program), un-14 less the owner or operator of a protected computer 15 takes a subsequent affirmative action to enable the 16 execution of such functions.

17 (9) INFORMATION COLLECTION FUNCTIONS.—
18 The term "information collection functions" means,
19 with respect to an information collection program,
20 the functions of the program described in subsection
21 (b) of section 3.

(10) INFORMATION SERVICE.—The term "information service" has the meaning given such term in
section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47)
U.S.C. 153).

(11) INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICE.—The
 term "interactive computer service" has the meaning
 given such term in section 230(f) of the Communica tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f)).

(12) INTERNET.—The term "Internet" means 5 6 collectively the myriad of computer and tele-7 communications facilities, including equipment and 8 operating software, which comprise the inter-9 connected world-wide network of networks that em-10 ploy the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet 11 Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols 12 to such protocol, to communicate information of all 13 kinds by wire or radio.

14 (13) PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMA15 TION.—

16 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "personally
17 identifiable information" means the following
18 information, to the extent only that such infor19 mation allows a living individual to be identified
20 from that information:

21 (i) First and last name of an indi-22 vidual.

23 (ii) A home or other physical address
24 of an individual, including street name,
25 name of a city or town, and zip code.

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1 (iii) An electronic mail address. 2 (iv) A telephone number. 3 (v) A social security number, tax iden-4 tification number, passport number, driver's license number, or any other govern-5 6 ment-issued identification number. 7 (vi) A credit card number. 8 (vii) Any access code, password, or ac-9 count number, other than an access code 10 or password transmitted by an owner or 11 authorized user of a protected computer to 12 the intended recipient to register for, or 13 log onto, a Web page or other Internet 14 service or a network connection or service 15 of a subscriber that is protected by an ac-16 cess code or password. 17 (viii) Date of birth, birth certificate 18 number, or place of birth of an individual, 19 except in the case of a date of birth trans-20 mitted or collected for the purpose of com-21 pliance with the law. 22 (B) RULEMAKING.—The Commission may, 23 by regulation, add to the types of information 24 specified under paragraph (1) that shall be con-25 sidered personally identifiable information for 1 purposes of this Act, except that such informa-2 tion may not include any record of aggregate 3 data that does not identify particular persons, 4 particular computers, particular users of com-5 puters, or particular email addresses or other 6 locations of computers with respect to the 7 Internet.

8 (14) SUITE OF FUNCTIONALLY RELATED SOFT9 WARE.—The term 'suite of functionally related software'
10 means a group of computer software programs dis11 tributed to an end user by a single provider, which
12 programs are necessary to enable features or
13 functionalities of an integrated service offered by the
14 provider.

15 (15) TELECOMMUNICATIONS CARRIER.—The
16 term "telecommunications carrier" has the meaning
17 given such term in section 3 of the Communications
18 Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153).

19 (16) TRANSMIT.—The term "transmit" means,
20 with respect to an information collection program,
21 transmission by any means.

(17) WEB PAGE.—The term "Web page" means
a location, with respect to the World Wide Web, that
has a single Uniform Resource Locator or another

1	single location with respect to the Internet, as the
2	Federal Trade Commission may prescribe.

3 SEC. 11. APPLICABILITY AND SUNSET.

4 (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as specifically pro5 vided otherwise in this Act, this Act shall take effect upon
6 the expiration of the 12-month period that begins on the
7 date of the enactment of this Act.

8 (b) APPLICABILITY.—Section 3 shall not apply to an 9 information collection program installed on a protected 10 computer before the effective date under subsection (a) of 11 this section.

12 (c) SUNSET.—This Act shall not apply after Decem-13 ber 31, 2010.

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