TEK: Internet Search System for Low-Connectivity Communities

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TEK Team

Current

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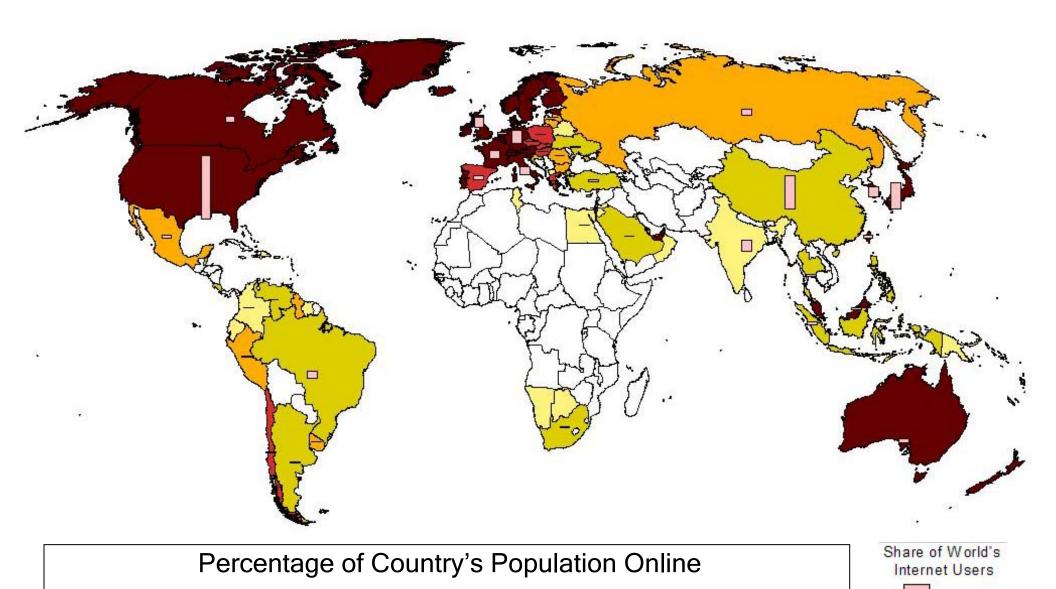








Internet Users Worldwide





13 - 25 %

4.9 - 13 %

Barriers to Internet Access

Infrastructure

- Limited phone lines
- Low-bandwidth international links
- Unreliable power supplies

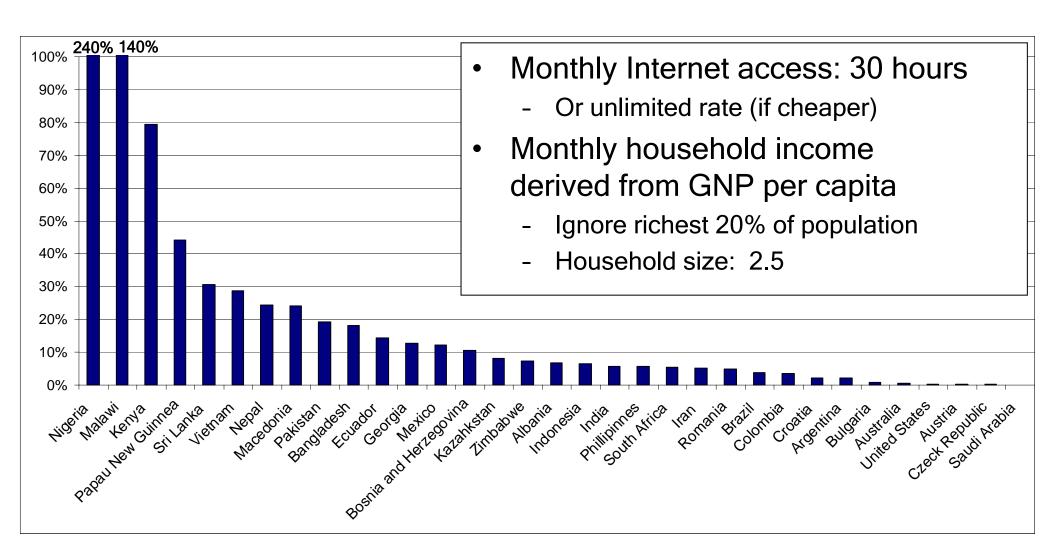
High costs

- Computer unaffordable or unavailable
- ISP, telephone costs can exceed local wage
- Exacerbated by slow connections

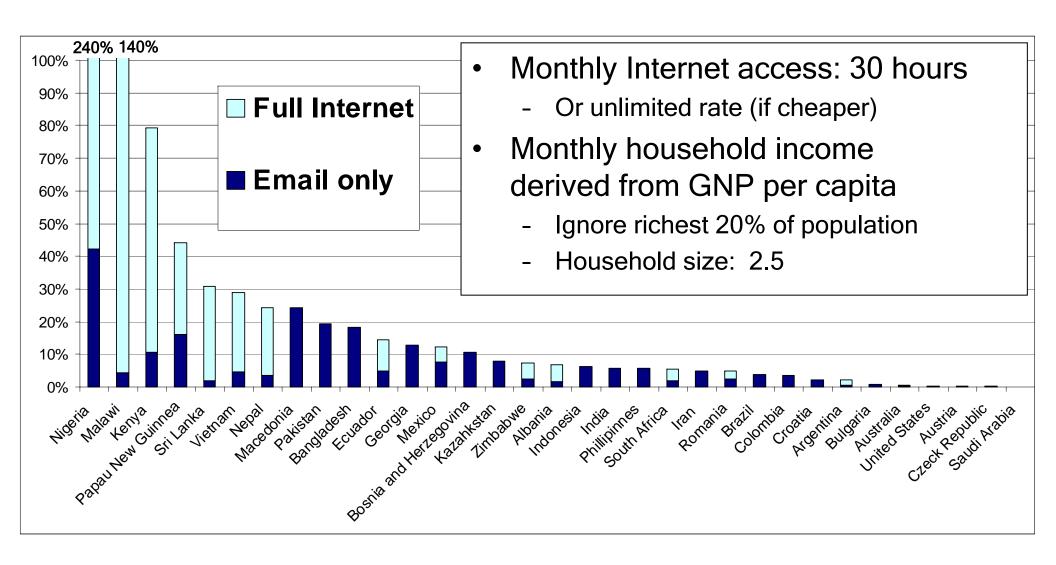
Social barriers

- Illiterate or non-technical users
- Lack of local content

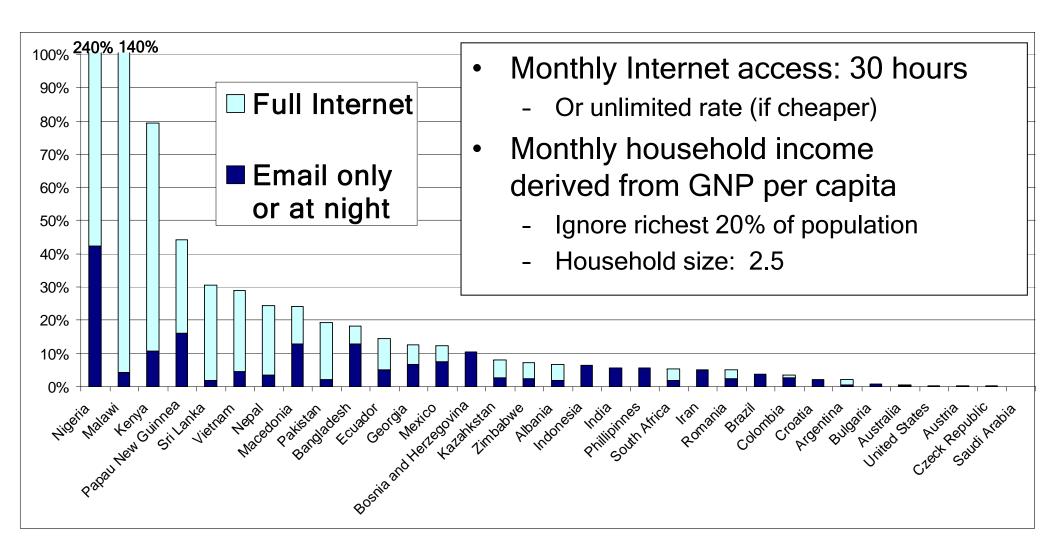
Cost of Dial-up Internet Access as a Fraction of Household Income



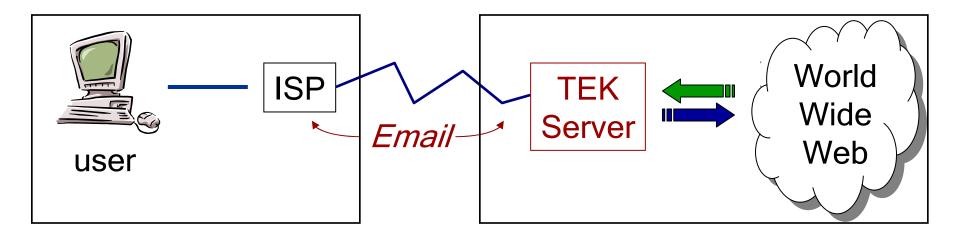
Cost of Dial-up Internet Access as a Fraction of Household Income



Cost of Dial-up Internet Access as a Fraction of Household Income



TEK: Email-Based Search



Solution has two components:

- 1. Transfer all data through email, not http
 - Connect only to send/receive email, not to browse web
- 2. TEK Server optimizes for bandwidth requirements

TEK: "Time Equals Knowledge"

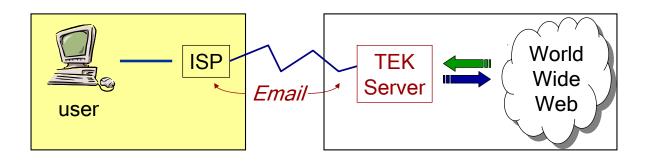
Outline

- TEK System
- Usage Scenarios
- Optimizing for Bandwidth

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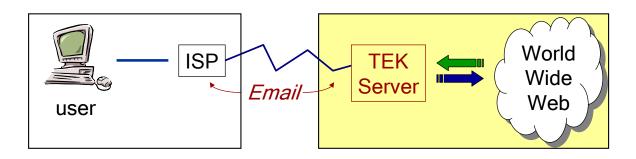
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TEK Client

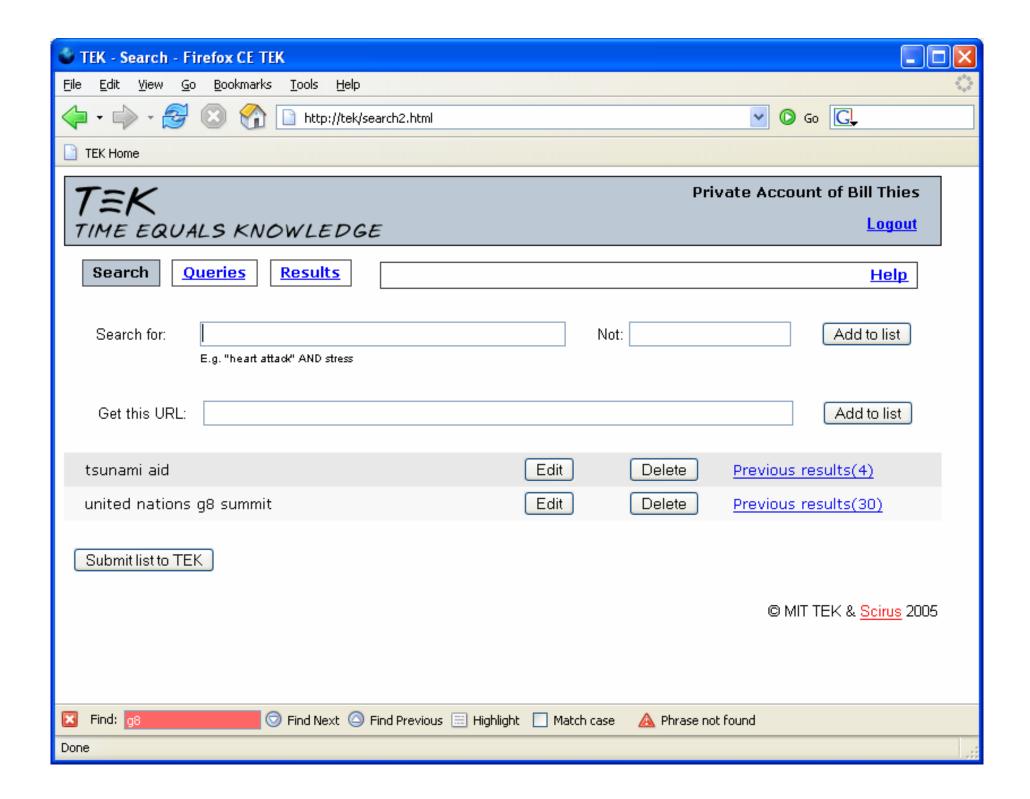


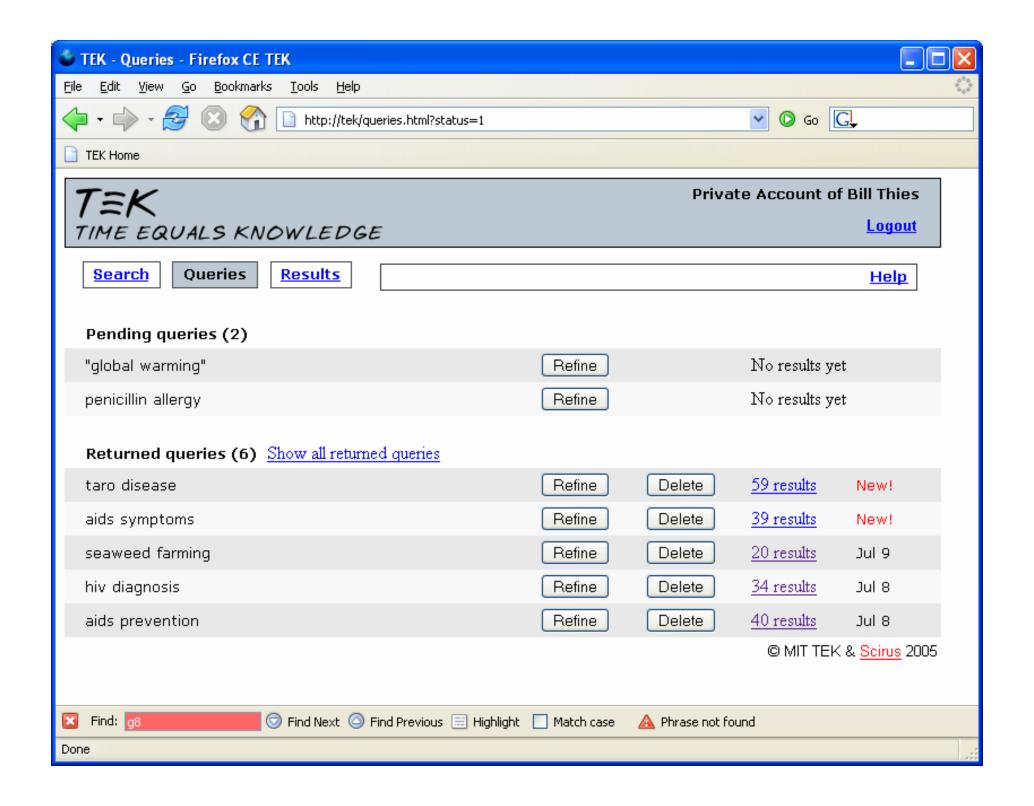
- Implemented as an HTTP Proxy Server bundled with a custom version of Firefox
- When offline, users can:
 - Search and browse old results as if connected
 - Enqueue queries for new results or missing pages
- When online, users can:
 - Send pending queries
 - Receive new results (attached to standard emails)

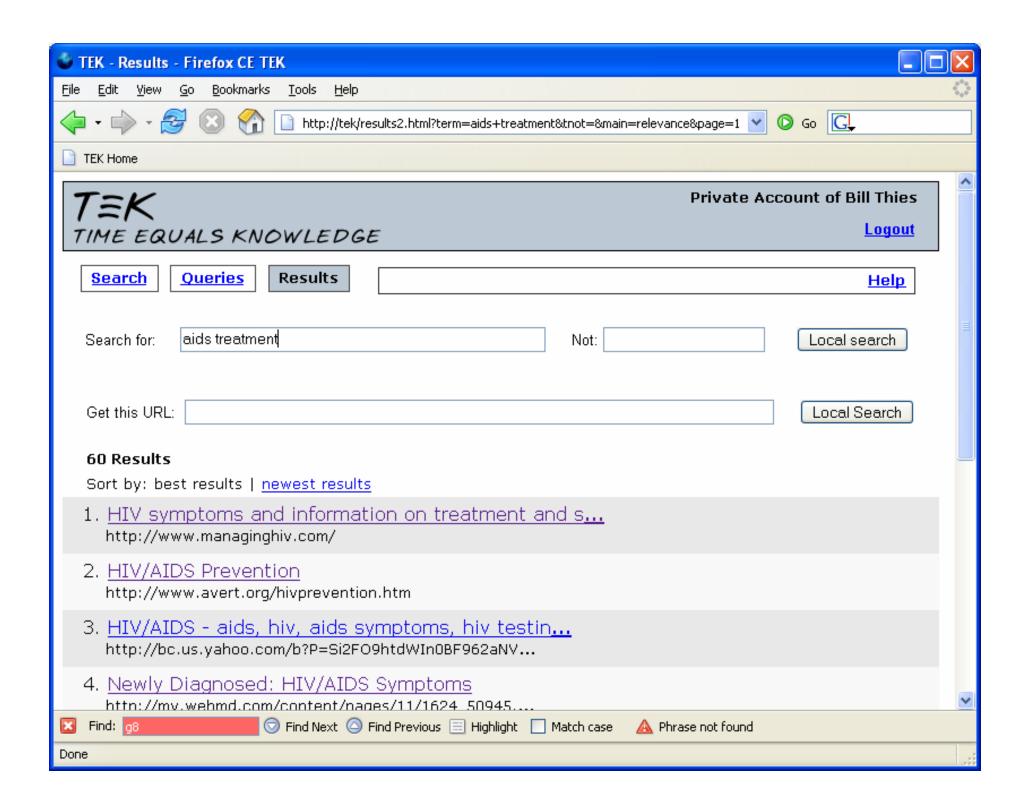
TEK Server

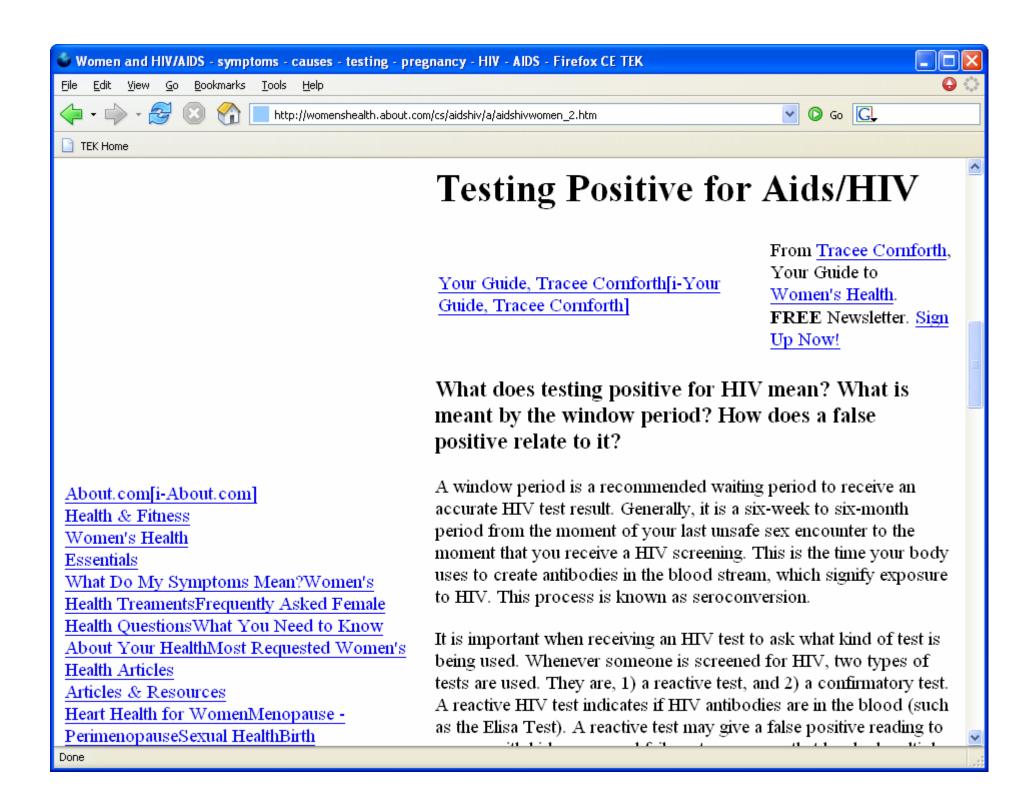


- Queries Google for relevant pages
- Returns filtered content of ~20 pages to user
 - Remove images
 - Remove junk HTML (JavaScript, colors, meta tags, etc.)
 - Uses loband library for page simplification (loband.org)
 - Convert PDF, PS to HTML (uses pdftohtml)
- Maintain server image of client page cache
 - Avoid sending duplicate pages
- Compress pages, send as single attachment
 - Limit attachment size to 150K (or smaller, for some users)

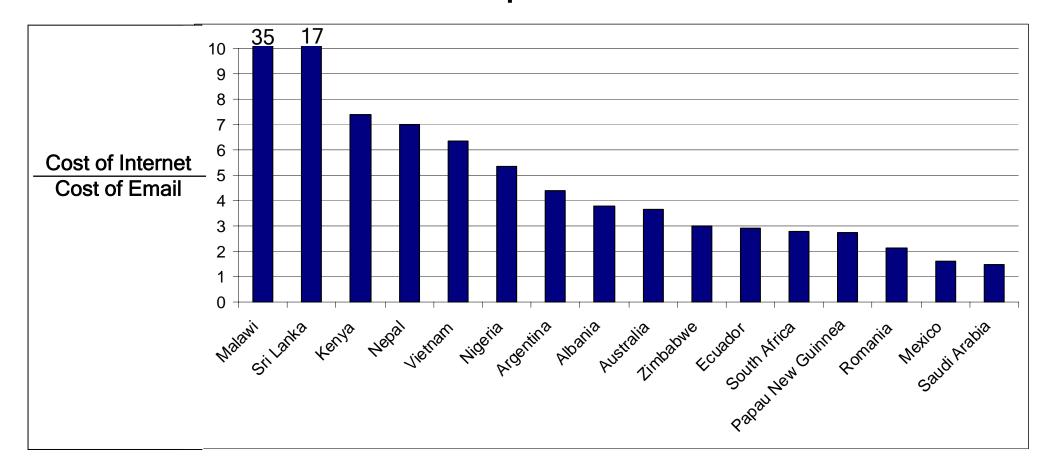






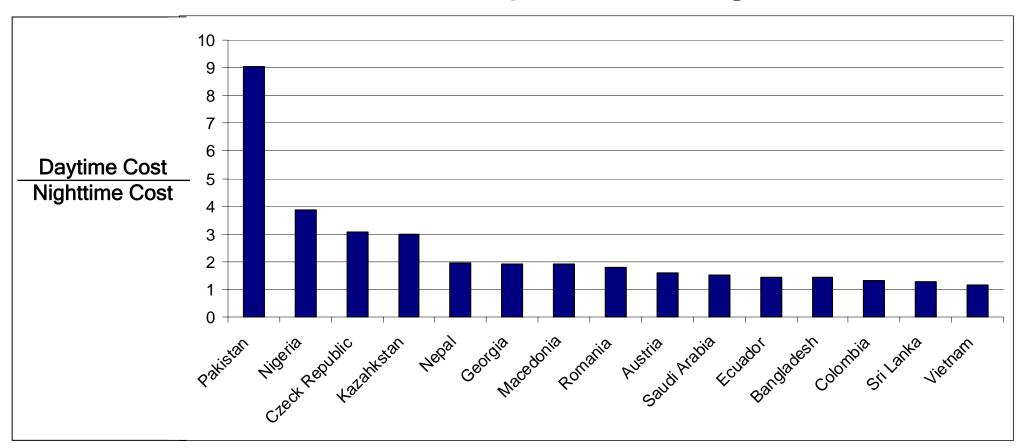


Email accounts cheaper than web access



- Email accounts cheaper than web access
 - Some infrastructures support email only

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- Can send/receive all queries at night



- Email accounts cheaper than web access
 - Some infrastructures support email only
- Can send/receive all queries at night
- Connection time is shorter
 - Avoids reading pages online
 - Content direct from ISP, not distant server
 - Server compression shrinks results

TEK Rationale II: More Usable

- Viewing results offline: quick, reliable
 - Establish local database of shared information
- In school: time-share Internet line with voice
 - Reduced time online makes Internet viable
- Manageable amount of information

Outline

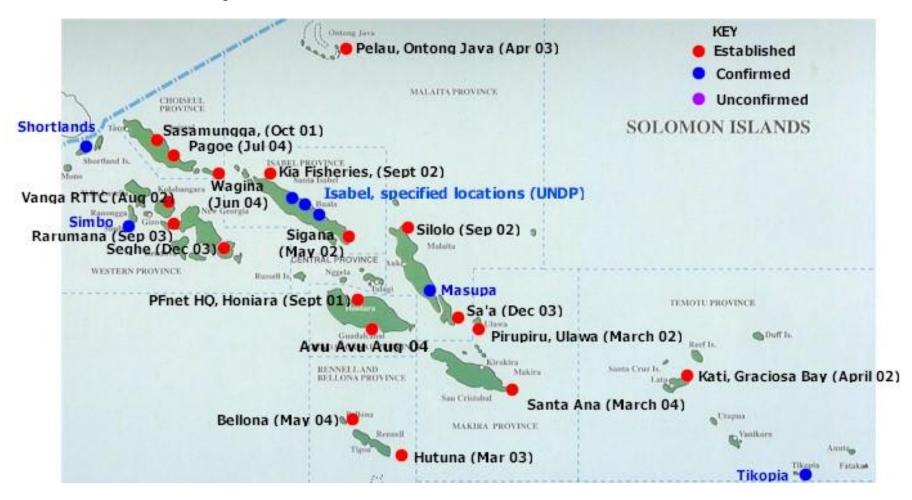
- TEK System
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Deployment Status

- Released summer 2002
- See tek.sourceforge.net

People's First Network

- Solomon Islands served by HF Radio Network
- Email only



Source: http://www.peoplefirst.net.sb/General/PFnet_Update.htm

People's First Network

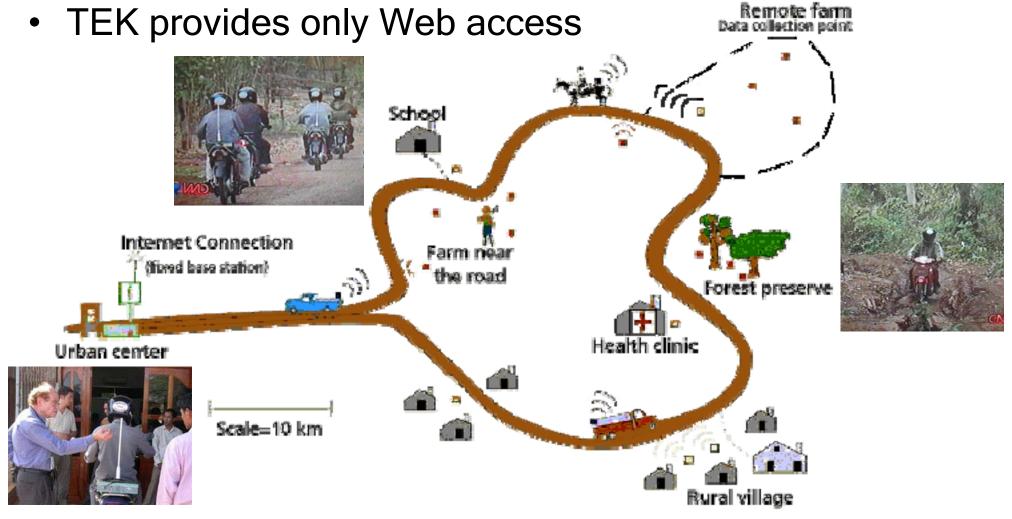
- Many applications reported
 - 1. Farmers information on diseases; networking

Subsistence farmers on Rennell have obtained advice concerning taro diseases affecting their crop. Via the 'TEK-websearch' facility, one group of farmers was able to access detailed technical information about vanilla farming and to communicate with a specialist from the *Kastom Gaden Association. -- Chand et al., PFNet Case Study, 2005*

- 2. Teachers environmental impact of local logging
- 3. Pastors downloading sermons
- 4. Entrepreneurs download / sell lyrics
- 5. General health, education, sports, entertainment

First Mile Solutions

- Store-and-forward connectivity via Mobile Access Point
 - Cambodia, Rwanda, Costa Rica, India



Source: www.firstmilesolutions.com

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Low-Bandwidth Search is Different

	Real-time Search	Email-based Search
Acceptable Latency	1-2 seconds	minutes/hours
Optimization Metric	relevance per page	relevance per byte
Search Process	trial-and-error	careful
User Identity	unknown	email address

State-Based Compression

Cheaper to store information than re-download it

- 100 GB disk drive: \$250

- 100 GB at 56kbs, \$1/hr: \$4000

 If server knows everything stored on client, can it improve compression of search results?

http://www.aidsinfo.nih.gov/

TEK
Server

http://www.hivnetnordic.org/index.shtm
http://www.acnl.net/Basic_HIV_&_AIDS_Info.htm
http://www.info.gov.hk/health/aids/
http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/graphics/women.htm
http://www.med.unsw.edu.au/nchecr/
http://www.utopia-asia.com/aids.htm
http://www.sfaf.org/aids101/hiv_testing.html
http://www.gaytoronto.com/casey/

http://www.hivnetnordic.org/index.shtm
http://www.acnl.net/Basic_HIV_&_AIDS_Info.htm
http://www.info.gov.hk/health/aids/
http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/graphics/women.htm
http://www.med.unsw.edu.au/nchecr/
http://www.utopia-asia.com/aids.htm
http://www.sfaf.org/aids101/hiv_testing.html
http://www.gaytoronto.com/casey/

State-Based Compression

General problem:
 If two parties share a large dictionary, can they reduce communication bandwidth?



- In general: no
 - info content (index) = info content (entry)
- In practice: maybe
 - Space of inputs is not uniformly populated
 - E.g., many images are text, bullets, smileys, patterns
 - Lossy: send index of closest match in dictionary
 - Lossless: send exact diff from dictionary entry

Photo Mosaics

Mosaic: picture made of other pictures

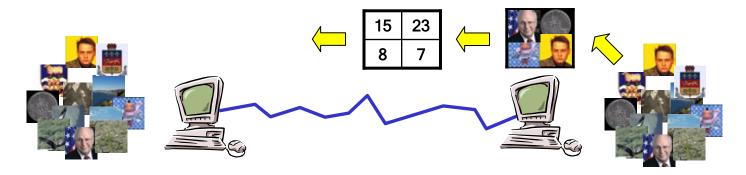


- 1. Break image into cells
- 2. Match each cell against image library
 - Use wavelet decomposition for perceptual match

Mosaic Compression

(Samidh Chakrabarti 2002)

- Idea: server constructs mosaic from client images
 - Send pointers to image components, not image data



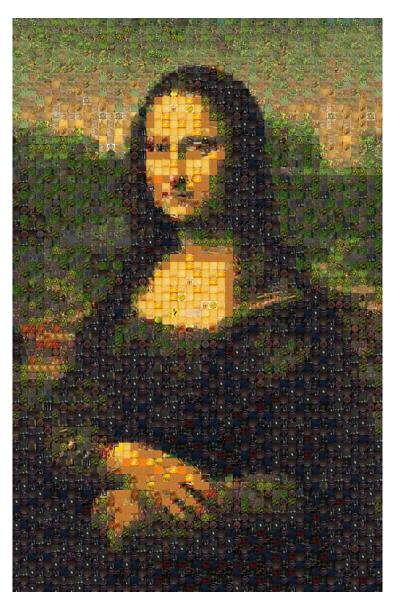
- Image size (bits): #cells * log₂ (library_size)
 - Gzip offers further savings
- Possible image libraries
 - Images previously downloaded by client
 - Pre-defined library

Experiments

- Setup
 - 4096 images from Wikipedia
 - Cell size: 12x12 pixels
 - PhotoMosaic software (BlackDog, shareware)
 - Touch-up features disabled
- Processing time
 - ~20 minutes to analyze library
 - ~1 minute to build mosaic



Wikipedia JPEG: 46 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb (22X smaller)



0-Quality JPEG: 27 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb (13X smaller)

1

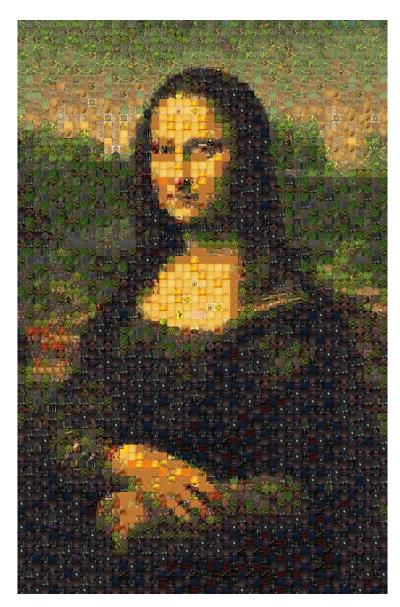
30X Smaller JPEG: 2.0 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb



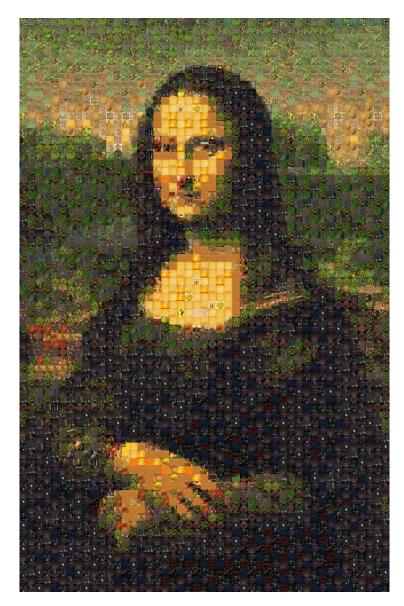
Small JPEG, Zoomed: 2.0 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb



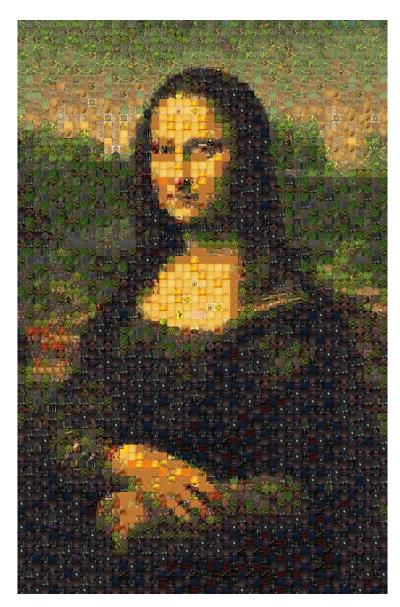
21X Smaller GIF: 2.0 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb



Small GIF, Zoomed: 2.0 Kb

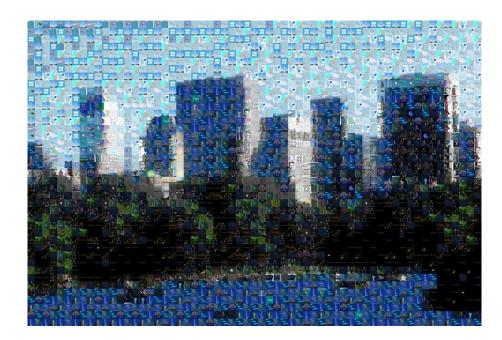


Mosaic: 2.0 Kb

Compressing Landscapes



JPEG Image: 52 Kb

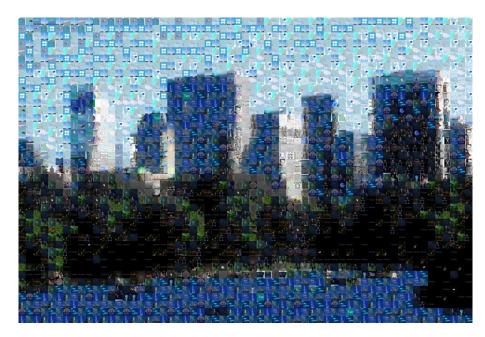


Mosaic: 1.6 Kb (33X smaller)

Compressing Landscapes



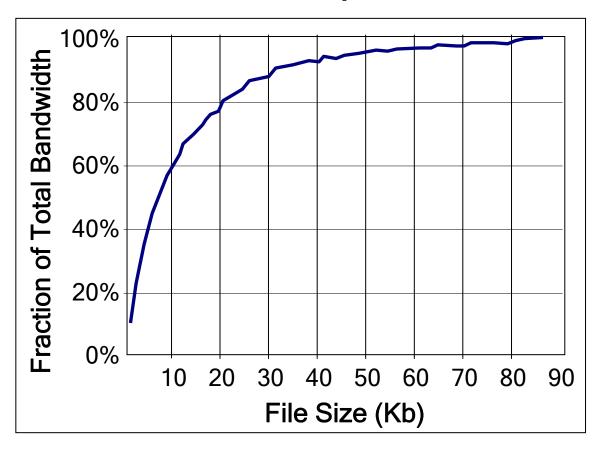
23X Smaller GIF: 1.6 Kb



Mosaic: 1.6 Kb

Importance of Small Images

Most bandwidth spent on small images!



60% of bandwidth on images < 10Kb

- → Text recognition?
- → Icon substitution?

- Source: Chakrabarti'02
- 42,684 images from sites in Google programming contest
- 5,540 images from 1,000 most popular sites (ZDNet)

What's the Verdict?

- Many avenues for improvement
 - What is the best image library?
 - Impact of smoothing, rotation, diffs?
 - Edge detection + texture mapping
 - Lossy compression of edges
 - Random noise for realism





- In current form, perhaps useful as a preview
 - 5-33X smaller than JPEG
 - More entertaining than ALT tag or blurry picture

2. Breaking the URL Abstraction

- Entire webpage is unlikely to be useful
- Alternate abstractions for search engines:
 - Document sections ()
 - Paragraphs
 - Tables
 - PDF Bookmarks
- If low bandwidth,
 Extract relevant content and return to user
- If high bandwidth,
 Jump* to relevant portion

^{*} may require cached version or HTML / browser extensions

3. Client-Specific Pagerank (ala Google Personalized)

- Ambiguous searches have clusters of results
 - "Mercury" element, planet, car, or Roman God?
 - High-bandwidth users do iterative searches
 - Low-bandwidth users can't afford many iterations
 - And often lack skills to eliminate spurious hits
- Idea: select pages based on client profile
 - Geography, demographics, previous searches
 - "Java history" from Indonesia → history of island
 - "GDP" after biology queries → guanine diphosphate
- Pagerank: boost links from user's demographic

Future Work: Smart Query Builder

- Spelling error is costly for email-based search
- Client interface should:
 - Check spelling
 - Anticipate number of results
 - Identify ambiguous queries
- New opportunity for advanced query building
 - E.g., users willing to categorize searches
- New opportunity for evaluating search results
 - Users willing to provide careful feedback
 - Research vehicle for IR and UI testing

Conclusion

- High demand for low-bandwidth search
 - Today: emerging Internet users worldwide, PDAs
 - Future: pervasive computing, space exploration
- Much room for technical innovation

- Prototype systems have proven useful
 - TEK, EmailWeb, www4mail, loband
 - Robust, visible service could have large impact