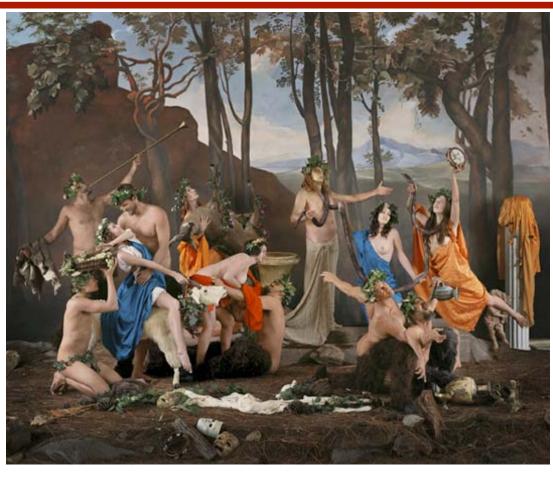
#### Revisiting Allegory



Eleanor Antin, The Triumph of Pan, 2004



#### Revisiting Allegory

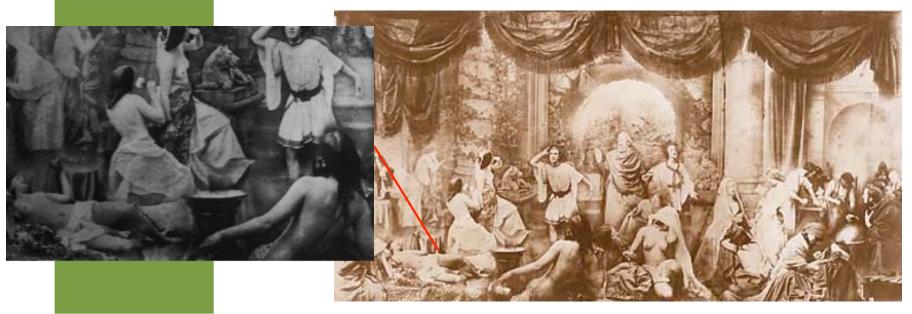


Joel Peter Witkin, Las Meninas



#### The Particularity of Photos

Cf Victorian uses of photographs in illustrations, tableaux



Oscar Rejlander, "The Two Ways of Life," 1858

# Modern Photographic Fictions



Yinka Shonibare, from "Diary of a Victorian Dandy"







Cindy Sherman



# Modern Photographic Fictions



fotonovelas





Tina Barney



Sam Taylor-Wood



Paul Outerbridge, The Coffee Drinkers, 1939



#### Fictionalizing Photos



Henry Peach Robinson The Lady of Shalott



Illustration to Henry James' The Golden Bowl, 1904

#### Fictionalizing Photos

#### Cf Victorian uses of photographs in illustrations,

"Any dodge, trick and conjuration of any kind is open to the photographer's use.... It is his imperative duty to avoid the mean, the base and the ugly, and to aim to elevate his subject.... and to correct the unpicturesque....." Henry Peach Robinson



Julia Cameron, Lancelot and Guinevere, 1875



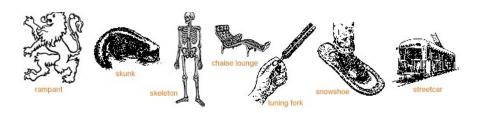
Henry Peach Robinson, Fading Away, 1858



#### Photos of Concepts

#### Can a photo illustrate a concept?

"Photographs are necessarily of unidealized individual things, whether zebras, geese, or medieval churches [whereas] drawings may represent a composite distillation." Sydney Landau



Merriam Webster illustrations for rampant, skunk, skeleton, etc.







American Heritage illustrations for brioche, brocade, espadrille.



#### Photos of Concepts







Sandy Skoglund, "Shelter, "Clothing," "Food"



#### Photographing Types

ДА ЗДРАВСТВУЮТ ВООРУЖЕННЫЕ СИЛЫ СОВ

Keiner soll hungern!

Keiner soll frieren!

Winterhilfswert des Deutschen Voltes 1934/35

Photographic kitsch





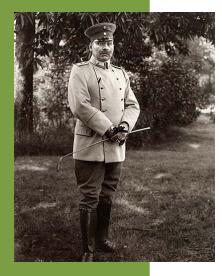


**BUY WAR BONDS** 

From Norman Rockwell's "Four Freedoms" paintings, 1941



#### Photographing Types





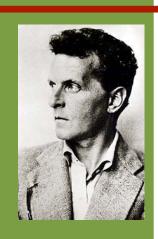




Photographs by August Sander



# The arbitrariness of photographic "truth"



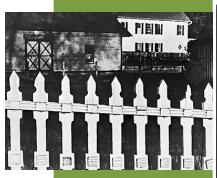
We regard the photograph, the picture on our wall, as the object itself (the man, landscape, and so on) depicted there.

This need not have been so, We could easily imagine people who did not have this relation to such pictures. Who, for example, would be repelled by photographs, because a face without color and even perhaps a face in reduced proportions struck them as inhuman.

Ludwig Wittgenstein, *Philosophical Investigations*, IIxi



#### The New Realism/"Straight Photography"









Paul Strand

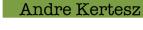
**Edward Weston** 

Sometimes it happens that you stall, delay, wait for something to happen. Sometimes you have the feeling that here are all the makings of a picture-except for just one thing that seems to be missing. ... You wait and wait, and then finally you press the button—and you depart with the feeling (though you don't know why) that you've really got something...

If you start cutting or cropping a good photograph, it means death to the geometrically correct interplay of proportions. Besides, it very rarely happens that a photograph which was feebly composed can be saved by reconstruction of its compositon under the darkroom's enlarger; the integrity of vision is no longer there. Henri Cartier-Bresson, "The Decisive Moment"



Leica 1, 1924





Robert Demachy, "Behind the Scenes," 1905 Gum print



Steiglitz, The Flatiron Building, 1902

### Pictorialism: An Aesthetes' Reaction to Popular Photography?



the result of a three hours' stand during a fierce snow-storm on February 22nd 1893, awaiting the proper moment. My patience was duly rewarded. Of course, the result contained an element of chance, as I might have stood there for hours without succeeding in getting the

desired pictures." Alfred Stieglitz



Emil Mayer, "The Hand-Scale," from *Viennese Types*. Bromoil process, 1910



Edward Steichen, Rodin/"The Thinker," 1902



#### Photos for the millions



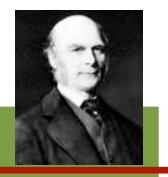
1884 George Eastman invents paper roll film;

1888 introduces Kodak camera

1900 introduces Brownie camera for \$1

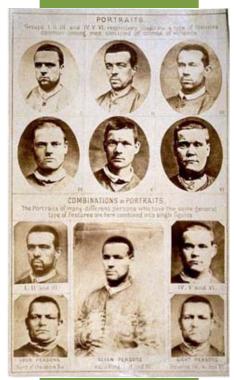






#### Composite Types

Francis Galton



Composite: Violent Criminals

1870's: Darwin's cousin Francis Galton makes composite photographs, part as aid to criminology, part as effort to apply Darwinism to human

differences. Coins *eugenics*, "nature vs nurture," "regression to the mean," notion of statistical correlation, pioneers questionaires and surveys.

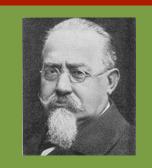
With Wm. Herschel, tries to put study of fingerprints on a scientific basis.



Composite: Jews



#### The "Criminal Type"



Cesare Lombroso

Lombroso: Hereditary criminals are identified by large jaws, handle-shaped ears, shifty eyes, etc.



The criminal is "an atavistic being who reproduces in his person the ferocious instincts of primitive humanity and the inferior animals."

"Revolutionaries and political criminals

-- the semi-insane and morally insane"



#### The Renown of Bertillon



"I came to you, Mr. Holmes, because I recognized that I am myself an unpractical man and because I am suddenly confronted with a most serious and extraordinary problem. Recognizing, as I do, that you are the second highest expert in Europe -----"

"Indeed, sir! May I inquire who has the honour to be the first?" asked Holmes with some asperity.

"To the man of precisely scientific mind the work of Monsieur Bertillon must always appeal strongly." "The Hound of the Baskervilles"

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#### Alphonse Bertillon

#### Classifying Deviance

1882: Bertillon presents system of criminal identification, anthropometry (later called Bertillonage)

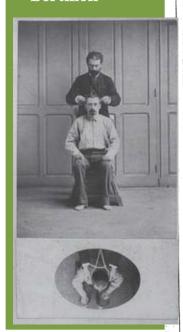




TABLEAU SYNOPTIQUE DES TRAITS PHYSIONOMIQUES

"Unchangeable in form from birth, this organ [the ear] is the immutable legacy of heredity and intrauterine life."



#### Documenting the Other



Walker Evans

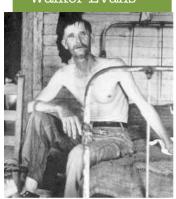
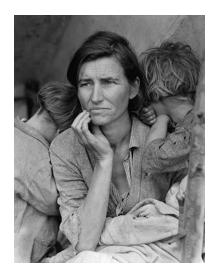


Image from "Let Us Now Praise Famous



Administration, mid-1930s

Evans



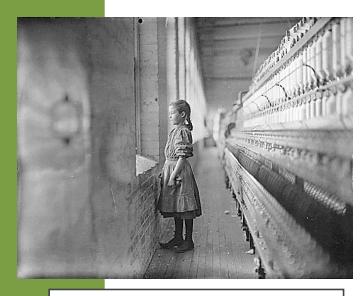
Walker Evans and Dorothea Lange, Farm Security



Lange, photos of Dust Bowl and Japanese relocation in WWII

#### Documenting the Other

Lewis Hine, Carolina Cotton Mill, 1909



The golf links lie so near the mill
That almost every day
The laboring children can look out
And see the men at play.

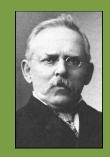
- Sarah Norcliffe Cleghorn, 1916



"Some boys and girls were so small they had to climb up on to the spinning frame to mend broken threads and to put back the empty bobbins. Bibb Mill No. 1. Macon, Ga."



#### Documenting the other, 2



Jacob Riis: How the Other Half Lives

Photography and the awakening of social conscience









Lithograph prepared from Riis photo

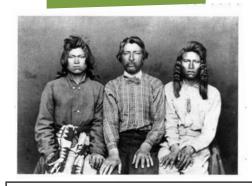


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#### Documenting the Other

Photography as an instrument of social control

Photos of Downieville CA Chinese Prepared by Justice of the Peace, ca. 1890



Photographs of Modoc Indians made by gov't following 1874 war.







Auschwitz documentary photo

One of a set of images prepared for Harvard naturalist Louis Agassiz to support thesis that human races were different species.

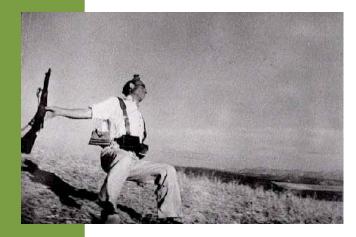
Truth before all. The more pity I felt at the sight of this degraded and degenerate race, the more impossible it becomes for me to repress the feeling that they are not of the same blood as we are. 1846

### The Documentation of Death

#### Kent State, 1970







Robert Capa, The Falling Soldier, Spain, 1936



Eddie Adams: South Vietnam police chief executing Viet Cong captaim, Feb 1, 1968





#### The Sordid Details

Public obsession with crime-scene photos

Arthur Fellig ("WeeGee"), 1930s







Murder scenes, Paris, 1890s

Police display body of Baby-Face Nelson, 1934



#### Documenting the Deviant

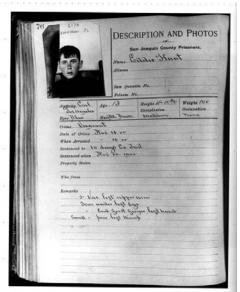
Wanted posters for Lincoln assassins, Butch Cassidy



Inmate of Bethlam Royal Hospital for the Criminally Lunatic, 1870s



"Bank book" prepared for bank clients by Pinkerton Detective Agency, ca. 1875



Entry for 13-year-old "vagrant," San Joaquin County Jail, ca. 1900

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#### Fixing Identities

#### Communards, Paris 1871



#### Fixing Identities

#### Communards, Paris 1871

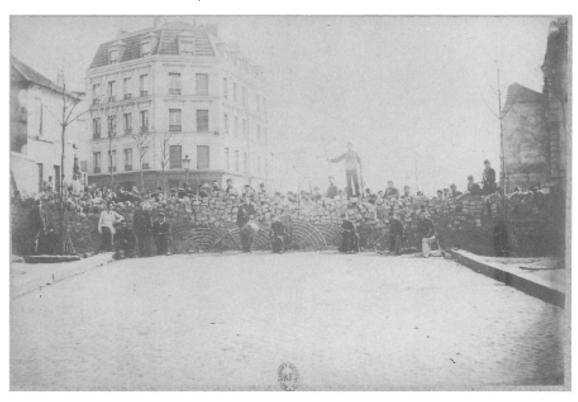


Figure 1. Anonymous, Barricades, houlevard de Puebla (rue des Pyrénées). 20th arrandissement, March 1871: Photograph Wildford Communication Busin



# Modern alterations: A shifting standard?













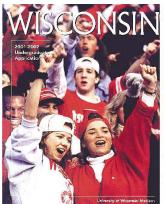


Kent State, 1970

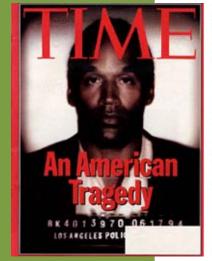




# Modern alterations: A shifting standard?







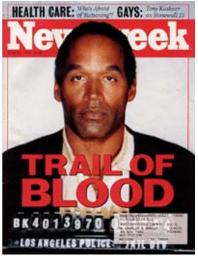






Photo of Beiruit following Israeli raid, 8/5/6, as published by Reuters and as originally taken

# Modern alterations: A shifting standard?











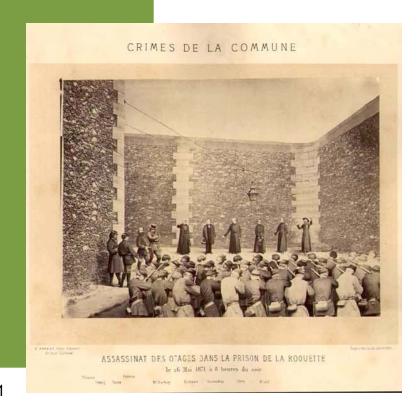


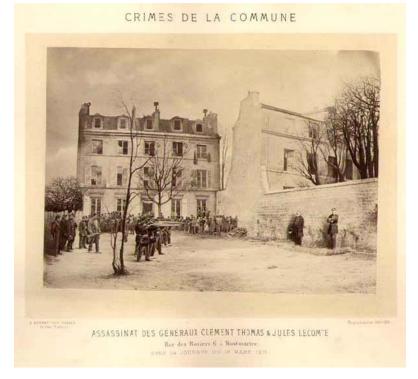
I discover my photographic death.
Do I exist?
I am a little black,
I am a little white,
I am a little shit,
On Fidel's vest.
Carlos Franqui



#### **Doctoring the Truth**

1871: Paris Commune: Photographs of executions by communards are doctored to change identity of victims.







### The Case of the Disappearning Cannonballs



"The Valley of Death," photographs by James Fenton, April 4, 1855



#### Crimea: The First "Reported" War

Oct 25, 1854: Light Brigade charges the Russian guns at Balaclava

> Half a league, half a league, Half a league onward, All in the valley of Death Rode the six hundred. "Forward the Light Brigade! Charge for the guns!" he said. Into the valley of Death Rode the six hundred.

Forward, the Light Brigade!" Was there a man dismay'd? Not tho' the soldier knew Some one had blunder'd. Theirs not to make reply, Theirs not to reason why. Theirs but to do and die...



# Manipulating the Photographic Truth

1854-55: Wm. Howard Russell reports for *Times* from Crimea on incompetence of general staff, suffering of troops.

1855: At urging of Prince Albert, Roger Fenton sent to Crimea to take photos to counter Russell's *Times* reports

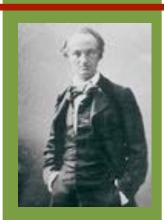






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#### Second Thoughts



Charles Baudelaire

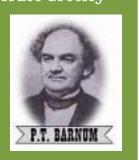
During this lamentable period, a new industry arose which contributed not a little to confirm stupidity in its faith and to ruin whatever might remain of the divine in the French mind. The idolatrous mob demanded an ideal worthy of itself and appropriate to its nature. In matters of painting and sculpture, the present-day Credo of the sophisticated, above all in France is this: "I believe that Art is, and cannot be other than, the exact reproduction of Nature. Thus an industry that could give us a result identical to Nature would be the absolute of Art." A revengeful God has given ear to the prayers of this multitude. Daguerre was his Messiah. ... From that moment our squalid society rushed, Narcissus to a man, to gaze at its trivial image on a scrap of metal.



# The brief, happy reign of the Daguerreotype



In Daguerrotype, we beat the world. Horace Greeley

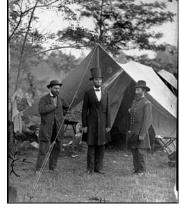


1854: Phineas Barnum stages first modern beauty pageant, using Daguerrotypes for judging

The photograph as a record of personal existence, family continuity Connection to the "postal age"
The photograph as an instrument of fame



Sarah Bernhardt, by Nadar



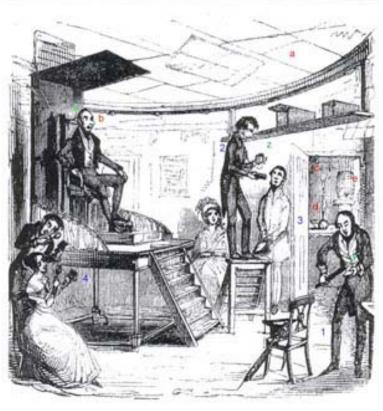




"General" Tom Thumb

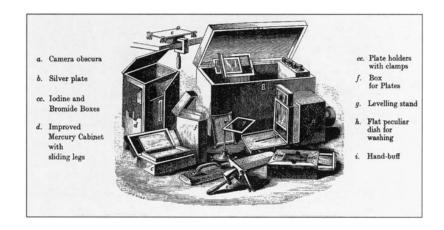


# The brief, happy reign of the Daguerreotype



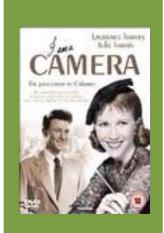
By 1840's, improved lens and increased senstivity of plates reduce exposure time for portraits.

Daguerreotype becomes "the mirror with a memory" (Oliver Wendell Holmes)





### The Photographic Truth

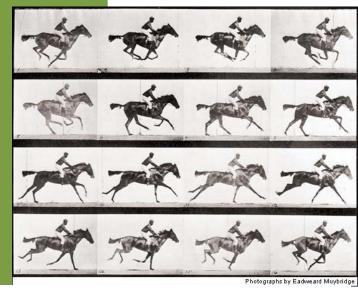


The news as "A daily photograph of the day's events." (Charles Dana)



#### The capture of motion

Art for the purpose of representation does not require to give the eye more than the eye can see, and when Mr. Sturgess gives us a picture of a close finish for the Gold Cup, we do not want Mr. Muybridge to tell us that no horses ever strode in the fashion shown in the picture. It may indeed be fairly contended that the correct position (according to science) is the incorrect position (according to art). London Daily Globe



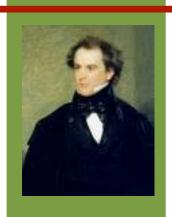
Eadward Muybridge, Galloping Horse, 1878



Richard Caton Woodville, "Charge of the Light Brigade, 1856 (image reversed)



### The truth of photographs



While we give [sunlight]credit only for depicting the merest surface, it actually brings out the secret character with a truth that no painter would ever venture upon, even if he could detect it.

The Daguerrotypist Holgrave, in Nathaniel Hawthorne's *The House of Seven Gables*, 1851

What he [the camera] saw was faithfully reported, exact, and without blemish.

Am. Photgrapher James F. Ryder in 1902, recalling his first camera from the 1850's



### The truth of photographs



1839: In truth, the Daguerreotyped plate is infinitely more accurate in its representation than any painting by human hands. If we examine a work of ordinary art, by means of a powerful microscope, all traces of resemblance to nature will dissapear -- but the closest scrutiny of the photographic drawing discloses only a more accurate truth., a more perfect identity of aspect with the thing represented.

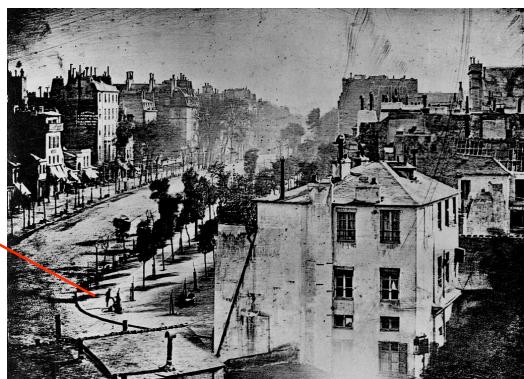
E. A. Poe



#### The earliest photographs

1839: In photograph of rue du Temple, Daguerre inadvertently makes first photograph of a person







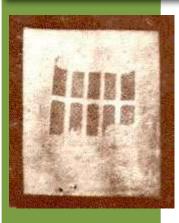
#### The earliest photographs



1839: William Henry Fox Talbot invents "photogenic drawing": method of printing on paper, later the calotype, which makes use of latent image, permitting 1-3 min exposures.

Permits multiple prints, less sharp than daguerrotype with "painterly" effects.

1851: Collodion process permits sharp printing on paper







Cuneiform tablet, Ninevah

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### The earliest photographs



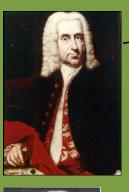
1826: Nicéphore Niépce makes "heliograph" on plate from window in Gras; requires > 8 hr. exposure.

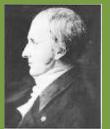
From 1829, Niépce collaborates with Louis Daguerre, who announces in 1837 a new "chemical and physical process" which "is not merely an instrument which serves to draw Nature; it gives her the ability to reproduce herself."

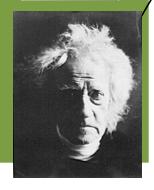
Daguerreotype permits shorter exposures (but still minutes long); does not permit making multiple images



# Creating a permanent image







1725: Johann Heinrich Schulze demonstrates that silver compounds are visibly changed by the action of light; makes stencil impressions on glass, but does not try to capture images from nature.

1800: Thomas Wedgewood makes images on leather impregnated with silver nitrate, but is unable to prevent progressive darkening

1819: Sir John Herschel discovers that sodium hyposulfite ("hypo") will dissolve silver halides, can be used to "fix" photographic prints. Later invents the words "negative" and "positive" and "photography"

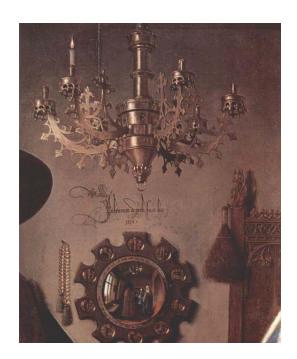
Sir John Herschel, photographed by Julia Cameron, 1867

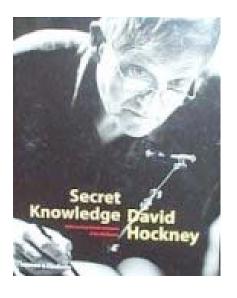


# Photography Before Photographs



Lenses and mirrors -- an old masters' "cheat"?





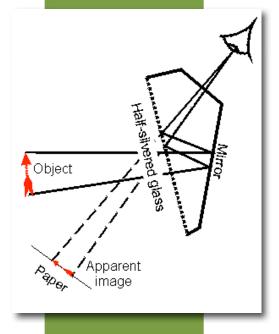
Detail from Jan van Eyck's Arnolfini portrait, 1434

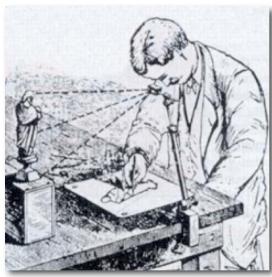




## Photography Before Photographs

The camera lucida







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## Photography Before Photographs



The prettiest Landskip I ever saw was one drawn on the Walls of a dark Room, which stood opposite on one side to a navigable River.... Here you might discover the Waves and Fluctuations of the Water in strong and proper Colours, with a Picture of a Ship entering at one end and sailing by Degrees through the whole Piece. I must confess, the Novelty of such a Sight may be one occasion of its Pleasantness to the Imagination, but certainly the chief reason is its near resemblance to Nature. Joseph Addision, in the *Spectator*, 1712, on the camera obscura at Greenwich



Greenwich Royal Observatory



G. Canaletto, London Greenwich Hospital from the North Bank of the Thames, 1753



Camera obscura at Cliff House, Ocean Beach

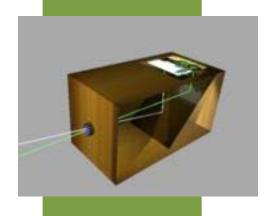


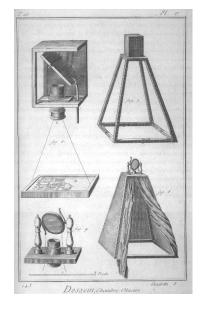
## Photography Before Photographs

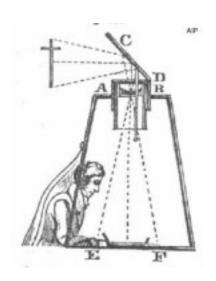


Ibn al-Hatham 965-1039

The camera obscura: images from nature







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#### Agenda

The invention of photography

The photographic "truth"

Manipulating & questioning the photographic truth, then and now

Photography as documentation

Fixing identities

Documenting the deviant

The physical classification of deviance: Looking for the criminal type

How we read photographs: as particular, real, veridical, "objective"

(What's left out: photography and art)



# The Impact of Photography:



Geoff Nunberg IS103 History of Information Oct. 31, 2007